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US Nuclear Regulatory Commission Washington, DC 20555 Attn: Document Control Desk

Three Mile Island Nuclear Station, Unit 2 (TMI-2)
Operating License No. DPR-73
Docket No. 50-320
Annual Update of Auxiliary Building Emergency Liquid Clean-up System
(EPICOR II)
System Description

Dear Sir:

As requested by NRC letter dated February 4, 1982, GPU Nuclear has performed the annual review of the Auxiliary Building Emergency Liquid Clean-up System (EPICOR II) System Description. Revision 11 of the System Description is attached for your information.

Sincerely.

R. L. Long

Director, Corporate Services/TMI-2

EDS/dlb Attachment

cc: T. T. Martin - Regional Administrator, Region I

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SD 3526-004 REV 11 ISSUE DATE May 1993 X ITS ☐ NITS DIVISION SYSTEM DESCRIPTION FOR Auxiliary Building Emergency Liquid Clean-up System (EPICOR II) COG ENG DATE 5-4-73 DATE 5-5-93 MGR., TMI-2 ENG DATE 5-5-53 DOCUMENT PAGE \_ OF 78

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The Tystem Description for Auxiliary Building Emergency Liquid Clean-up System (EPICOR II)

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Rev.	SUMMARY OF CHANGE	Approval	Date
0	Initial issue per GPU Nuclear letter 4410-82-L-0017.	<i>735</i>	2/92
1	Updated per GPU Nuclear letter 4410-83-L-0078.	Ex	4/83
2	Updated per GPU Nuclear letter 4410-84-L-0023.	G75	2/84
3	Updated per GPU Nuclear letter 4410-85-1-0674. Incorporated ECM 3478.8, Revision 8.	35	4/85
4	Updated per GPU Nuclear letter 4410-86-1-0069.	5.	4/86
5	Annual update to reflect the current operation configuration of the EPICOR II system. Adds further detail as to the operation of the Transfer Pump ALI-P-5 in Section 2.1.2. Revised the description of demineralizer ALI-P-1 in Section 2.1.3. Revised Section 2.1.19 concerning system isolation valves. Adds new Section 3.4.2 and 3.4.3.	<i>©</i> 5	5/87
6	Annual update to reflect the following:	(FC	6/88
	a. Clarification of Section 1.0 regarding approved receiving tanks for EPICOR II processed water and routine/non-routine operations.		
	o. Installation of a stainless steel ALC-P-5 transfer bump has changed Section 2.1.2 and Table 2 regarding total dylamic hear		
	c. Replacement of ALC-RE-18 (ALC Yentilation Rad Monitor) required modification to Section 2.2.4 and Table 1D and 12.		
	d. Table 15 (ALC Yalve List) has been expanded to include two new valves added for MMA 3526-87-0016 (ALC-F-1) Bypass.		
	Table 15 also now includes the description of "MG" valves commonly used when processing MMHT, RCBTs, and Neutralizer Tanks through EPICOR 11, when the "TANKFARM" S.D. #3230-003 was cancelled, these "MG" valves should have been incorporated into SD 3825-004.		



No.

3526-004

Title SYSTEM DESCRIPTION FOR AUXILIARY BUILDING EMERGENCY LIQUID CLEAN-UP SYSTEM (EPICOR 11)

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Rev.	SUMMARY OF CHANGE	Approval	Date
7	Annual update to reflect the current operating continguration of the EPICOR II System and to reflect the out of service (DOS) condition of the Submerged Demineralizer System (SDS). Table 12 was deleted for administrative purposes; Table 13 was deleted as being redundant to Table 16; and Table 14 was deleted because SDS is OGS.		7/69
8	Annual update to reflect the following:  a. ALC-F-5 filter cartridge is not only I micron (nominal) and has been as "rough" as 10 micron (nominal).  b. Radiation monitor ALC-RM-12 is no longer in service.  c. Numerous other small corrections (e.g., typos, syntax, labels) were also made.		8/90
9	Annual update to reflect the following:  a. Air compressors ALC-P-7 and ALC-P-8 were removed.  b. Changes in the system for Processed Water Disposal System (PWDS) evaporator feed and return pathways to and from CC-T-1.		6/91
10	Annual undate to reflect the following:  a. Use of polyethylene High Integrity Containers (RICs)  b. Use of BWST as feed or effluent storage tank.  c. Delete NLB nump as end-user of EPICOR effluent.  d. Delete references to DWCS system which is out- of-service.  e. Numerous other small corrections (e.g., typos, syntax)		6/92
11	Annual undate to reflect the following:  a. Data is provided on ALC-F-6 resin trap, and new motor for ALC-P-5.  b. Other miscellaneous small corrections.		5/93

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## 1.0 INTRODUCTION

1.1 System Functions

The functions of the Auxiliary Building Emergency Liquid Clean-up (EPICOR II) System are (or have been):

- 1.1.1 To decontaminate, by filtration and ion exchange, radioactive waste water contained in TMI Unit 2. In the past, EPICOR II also served as a polishing ion exchanger system for the Submerged Demineralizer System (SDS). SDS has been taken out of service and will no longer process/tilter contaminated liquids. Therefore, EPICOR II processes the waste water directly.
- 1.1,2 To transfer EPICOR II processed water from the Clean Water Receiving Tank (CC-T-2) to the following tanks:
  - a. Processed Water Storage Tanks (PWSTs or PW-T-1 and 2).
  - b. Off-Spec. Water Receiving/Batch Tank (CC-T-1) to be used for decontamination of the Reactor Building and Auxiliary/Fuel Handling Buildings. CC-T-1 is also used for recycle processing when required.
  - Evaporator Condensate Test Tanks (ECTTs or WDL-T-9A and 9B) to be used for various decontamination activities and make-up water/chemical additions via the Boric Acid Mix Tank (BAMT).
  - NOTE: The transfer to WDL-T-9A/B passes through Unit 1 Turbine Building, but is physically isolated from all Unit 1 systems.
  - d. On a non-routine basis to either the Condensate Storage Tank (CO-T-1A), Borated Water Storage Tank (BWST) or the Spent Fuel Storage Pools via the track till station.
- 1.1.3 To provide remote handling of spent resin containers from their position inside the Chemical Cleaning Building (CCB) to a transport cask or truck.

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- 1.1.4 To limit releases of radioactive material to the environment to "as low as is reasonably achievable."
- 1.1.5 To provide for operation and maintenance of the liquid cleanup system in compliance with "as low as is reasonably achievable" radiation doses to personnel.
- 1.1.6 To provide a staging tank (CC-T-1) for the supply of water to, and the collection of distillate from, the Processed Water Disposal System (PWDS) evaporator.
- 1.1.7 To accomplish the above independently from TMI Unit-1 (for exception see <u>NOTE</u> above).

## 1.2 Summary Description of the System

The Auxiliary Building Emergency Liquid Cleam-up System, as the name implies, was originally designed and constructed for the primary purpose of processing and cleaning up the accident-generated water that collected in the TMI-2 Auxiliary Building. The system is commonly referred to as "EPICOR II."

The system consists of a liquid radwaste processing system which is located in the CCB. It is able to decontaminate, by filtration and ion exchange, radioactive waste water contained in the Auxiliary Building, Fuel Handling Building, Service Building, and Reactor Building of TMI Unit 2. Contaminated water is pumped from a connection located on the Miscellaneous Waste Holdup Tank (MWHT) by a pump located in the CCB through the yard and into the process system; contaminated water may also be routed from the Monitor Tanks (SDS-T-1A and 1B), the Contaminated Drain Tanks (CDTs), the Reactor Coolant Bleed Tanks (RCBTs). the Neutralizer Tanks (WDL-T-8A and 8B), or the Borated Water Storage Tank (BWST). Yard piping is shielded and enclosed within a guard pipe, the open end of which terminates inside the CCB.

The primary process system consists of three demineralizers (ALC-F-1, ALC-K-1, and ALC-K-2), connected in series. Waste liquid is transferred from the source tank (MWHT, WDL-T-8A/B, RCBT, CDT, BWST, or SDS-T-IA/B) through the demineralizers, to the CC-T-2. Typical change-out criteria for the various units are indicated in Table 15.

Processed water is typically delivered to CC-T-2 for sampling and analysis. The processed water is then pumped to one of the following, if within specification: the Liquid Waste Disposal System of TMI Unit 2, the Spent Fuel Storage Pools, the PWSTs, the BWST, CO-T-1A, or WDL-T-9 A/B. Additionally, the processed water can be transferred to the CC-T-1 for recycling through the process system or use in the decontamination of the Reactor Building, Auxiliary, and Fuel Handling Buildings. Reprocessing under a feed and bleed scheme (via CC-T-2) can be done if the water does not meet the end process criteria; this is not a routine operation since feed and bleed processing requires a long time to accomplish.

CC-T-1 may also be used to provide tankage for distillate water from the PWDS evaporator. In addition, feed water to the evaporator may be supplied from CC-T-1.

The CCB is a low leakage confinement building with an exhaust vemilation system to maintain the building at a negative pressure. Moisture separators, high efficiency particulate air (HEPA) filters, and charcoal filters have been provided in the exhaust ventilation system in order to filter the building air before it is released to the stack at the roof line of the CCB. All effluent air is monitored for radioactivity at this point. Provisions for grab samples are available.

Normal operation of the ion exchange processing system is by remote means except for infrequent operations such as sampling, spent resin comainer removal and new resin container installation. All remote system operations are controlled from the TV Monitor and Control Building located outside the northwest corner of the CCB.

Remote handling of spent resin containers from their position inside the CCB to the transport cask and truck is via a remotely-operated, twenty-ton monorail hoist system.

A fire protection system is installed in the HVAC equipment room, the TV Monitor and Control Building, and the CCB. A 4" tie-in to the existing fire main supplies a sprinkler system in the TV Monitor and Comrol Building and a hose station in the CCB, as well as the sprinkler line to the air filtration unit charcoal filters. The key to the lock on this sprayline valve is kept in the TV Monitor and Control Building. Line and grid pressure indication is provided in the TV Monitor and Control Building.

EPICOR II interfaces with the TMI Unit 2 Radwaste Disposal Miscellaneous Liquids System, the Demineralized Water System, the Processed Water Storage System, the BOP Electrical System, the Service Air System, the Unit 1 Liquid Waste Disposal System, the Fire Protection System, the Unit 2 Radwaste Disposal Reactor Coolant Liquid System, and the PWDS.

NOTE: Although there is an interface with the Unit 1 Liquid Waste Disposal System, the Unit 1 System will not be used. In this respect, Unit 2 will function independently. Valve ALC-V169 shall remain locked closed (unless transferring water from either CC-T-1 or CC-T-2 to the "B" Spent Fuel Pool) and a spectacle flange is installed downstream of valve ALC-V169 at the transition between Unit 1 and Unit 2 liquid radwaste systems.

## 1.3 System Design Requirements

## 1.3.1 Process System Design Requirements

- 1.3.1.1 The ion exchange process line pipe size is nominally 2" schedule 40, based upon the EPICOR II System flow rate of 10-30 gpm. Other line sizes are based on service requirements and function, such as service air, demineralized water, recirculation and sampling.
- 1.3.1.2 Pumps ALC-P-1 through 4 have hose connections and are provided with drip trays to collect leakage. Drip trays have nozzles as close to the bottom of the tray as possible and are served by flexible tubing which leads to the nearest floor or equipment drain using the floor slope to induce flow. This tubing is placed well down into the floor drain.
- 1.3.1.3 Remote system operations are directed and controlled from outside of the CCB from the TV Monitor and Control Building. This area is provided with remote closed circuit television monitoring of the operating areas inside and outside the CCB.

- 1.3.1.4 Process instrumentation consists of pH and conductivity monitors. Resin bed radiation levels, process line radiation levels, process flow rates, process totalizers, and tank/demineralizer levels are also monitored. Accelerometers for pumps ALC-P-1 through 4 are provided for equipment protection and an alternate method to determine processing flowrates.
- 1.3.1.5 The system tank vents are provided with inline heaters, demister filters, and charcoal filters for adsorption of evolved iodine. These units are sloped to drain demisted liquids back into the system tanks.
- 1.3.1.6 Liquid waste feed to the system will be drawn from the source tank (MWHT, RCBT, SDS-T-IA/B, CDT, BWST, WDL-T-8A/B, CC-T-2, or CC-T-1) to the first EPICOR II pump (ALC-P-1).
- 1.3.1.7 The EPICOR II System is contained within the CCB which was originally designed to meet seismic criteria per Zone 1 of the building code. The EPICOR II System and major components when constructed were considered to be non-Quality Control (QC) scope; however, the system has since been reclassified Important to Safety (ITS), in QC scope.
- 1.3.1.8 All system piping is welded stainless steel except for air piping which is welded carbon steel or copper tubing. Instrument tubing systems are 316 SS tubing and are made up using compression fittings. The process system piping is rated at 150 lbs. and is designed, installed and inspected in accordance with ANSI B31.1 (Power Piping).

NOTE: Flanged and screwed connections are used as necessary on certain components.

1.3.1.9 Capability is provided to obtain a representative sample of CC-T-1 and CC-T-2, and the effluents of demineralizers ALC-F-1, ALC-K-1 and ALC-K-2, while in a low radiation area in accordance with Regulatory Guide 1.21.

Representative sampling for either CC-T-1 or CC-T-2 is here defined as "after recirculating the tank contents for three volume changes". Also, the sample line for either CC-T-1 or CC-T-2 is purged to the sample sink for five line volumes prior to drawing the sample, and for demineralizers ALC-F-1, ALC-K-1 and ALC-K-2, the sample lines are flushed for a minimum of three (3) minutes prior to drawing the sample.

NOTE: Demineralizer ALC-F-1 is the first demineralizer, followed in series by demineralizers ALC-K-1 and ALC-K-2, respectively.

- 1.3.1.10 The building sump is a covered sump.
- 1.3.1.11 System blowdown air and demineralized water lines are provided with individual check valves ALC-V060 through V079 to minimize contamination of these systems.
- 1.3.1.12 The demineralized water supply header is provided with demineralized water from TMI Unit 2 in the range of 80-130 psig to meet EPICOR II requirements.
- 1.3.1.13 The system air supply header is provided with a pressure regulator operating in the range of 80-90 psig, and a moisture separator. An air oiler, and an anti-freeze injector are provided for the portion of the system air header servicing the EPICOR II pumps. The Plant Service Air System is the normal air supply.
- 1.3.1.14 If sampling indicates that the processed water is within limits for usage, the contents of CC-T-2 may be routed to one of the following: the TMI Unit 2 Liquid Waste Disposal System, the Spent Fuel Storage Pools, the PWSTs, the BWST or CC-T-1.
- 1.3.1.15 All system overflow lines discharge to the CCB sump. All floor drains also discharge to the sump. The water collected in the sump is staged in CC-T-1 by the sump pump for recycle through the cleanup system or it is drawn

- and processed directly through the EPICOR II System via existing valves and piping.
- 1.3.1.16 Since the elevation of the discharge nozzle of CC-T-2 and the CCB floor were fixed prior to design and construction of EPICOR II, the hydraulic design for draining CC-T-2 is not adequate for complete draining of the tank. However, the system was designed to facilitate draining to the maximum extent possible. Final draining of CC-T-2 is accomplished with the manual drain line (valves ALC-V131 and V132).
- 1.3.1.17 Three resin traps are installed downstream of the demineralizers.
- 1.3.1.18 A ten micron (nominally rated) or finer cartridge filter (ALC-F-5) is installed downstream of the three resin traps.
- 1,3.1.19 The system has personnel shielding on various components to reduce the radiation levels in the operating areas of the building.
- 1.3.1.20 A resin trap (ALC-F-6) is installed on the outlet from the liners' overflow line to prevent resin carryover into the sump.
- 1.3.2 Material Handling Design Requirements
  - 1.3.2.1 Normal operation of the EPICOR II System is by remote methods.
  - 1.3.2.2 Demineralized water and service air connections are provided to flush and blowdown the entire system or portions of it to allow system maintenance.
  - 1.3.2.3 Four (4) feet high by four (4) feet in diameter (4x4) liners or high integrity container (HIC) demineralizers with an adapter lift ring attached may be removed from the building by making use of the transfer bell designed for this

purpose. The transfer bell is positioned over the radioactive liner; the shield doors on the bottom of the bell are opened and the liner is drawn up into the bell. The doors are closed and the bell is carried, by the crane, to the track which may have a concrete shield vessel for isolating the bell during transportation to the staging facility. Monitoring of the area is carried on during these activities to assure the safety of personnel. Another liner is positioned in the vacated space. Shielding, process lines, and level instrumentation are repositioned and the unit is returned to service.

NOTE: The shielded transfer bell is no longer routinely used and will only be used if operation of the system results in radiation levels from the demineralizers exceeding limits for unshielded handling.

1.3.2.4 Six (6) feet high by six (6) feet in diameter (6x6) liners and lightly loaded 4x4 liners are handled in and out of the building without shielding. This is accomplished by remote operation and by establishing appropriate barriers limiting the approach of personnel to the handling operation. Spent resin containers are lifted directly from within substantial shielding barriers in the CCB and deposited directly in the transfer cask on the unmanned truck located immediately outside the building, or loaded unshielded on a transport truck depending on the liner's radiation levels.

# 1.3.3 Air Handling Design Requirements

- 1.3.3.1 A ventilation fan is provided to maintain the CCB at a negative pressure.
- 1.3.3.2 The MSA filtration unit is designed to meet the requirements of NRC Regulatory Guide 1.140.
- 1.3.3.3 The moisture separator is provided to remove water vapor droplets from the air.

- 1.3.3.4 An electric heater is provided within the MSA filtration unit to lower relative humidity (RH) to 30% with 100% RH inlet air.
- 1.3.3.5 The prefilter has an average atmospheric air strain efficiency of 85%.
- 1.3.3.6 The two HEPA filter banks are DOP tested in place to assure an efficiency of 99.95% for removing 0.3 micron particles.

## 2.0 DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE SYSTEM

# 2.1 Components

## 2.1.1 EPICOR II Pumps ALC-P-1 through 4 (See Table 1)

Pumps ALC-P-1 through 4 are air-driven, positive displacement pumps with a capacity of 10 gpm to 120 gpm. Each pump is equipped with a pulsation dampener in the process outlet.

These pumps are utilized in the system to circulate the liquid through the demineralizers. The hoses furnished for the flexible connections to the pumps, filters, demineralizers, and traps have a design pressure of 100 psi.

Air supplied to the pumps passes through an air oiler and an anti-freeze injector to a valve manifold. Pump speed and capacity will be varied by the EPICOR II operator to achieve the desired flow through the radwaste process system. Pump speed is controlled by throttling the drive air at the Fava Control Panel. Demineralized water and oil free air connections are provided on the suction and discharge side of each pump for flushing and blowdown purposes. Pump noise and vibration monitors are present for pumps ALC-P-! through 4 and have a read-out on panel ALC-PNL-2 in the TV Monitor and Control Building.

# 2.1.2 Transfer Pump ALC-P-5 (See Table 2)

Transfer pump ALC-P-5 is a single stage horizontal centrifugal pump with a capacity of 200 gpm at 100° head. The pump motor is rated at 10 HP and is powered from MCC 2-33A in the TV Monitor and Control Building. The pump is controlled by push buttons for START/STOP from MCC 2-33A, a hand selector switch for low level control of either CC-T-1 or CC-T-2 from the panel ALC-PNL-1 in the TV Monitor and Control Building and level switches in panel ALC-PNL-1 for CC-T-1 and CC-T-2. The level switches receive their signals from level transmitters ALC-LT-1 and ALC-LT-2 at CC-T-1 and CC-T-2, respectively. CC-T-1 and CC-T-2 also have high level cutouts to transfer pump ALC-P-5.

Demineralized water is supplied to the pump mechanical seal from a solenoid operated valve ALC-V136 controlled from the pump motor starting circuit. When the motor starts, the valve opens. The seal water flow rate is maintained at 1-2 gpm by throttling valve ALC-V134 when seal water injection is required. Seal water injection is only required if the pump is handling water which contains greater than 7000 ppm boron.

If the pump handles clean water, it is acceptable to allow the mechanical seal to be lubricated through the pump's internal passages. As long as the water has passed through filter ALC-F-5, the water is clean enough (from a grit standpoint) to lubricate the mechanical seal. Thus, as long as filter ALC-F-5 is in use, the demineralized seal water can be turned off with valve ALC-V134 to reduce the total volume of processed water or radwaste.

This pump is used to transfer water from either CC-T-1 or CC-T-2. It is also used to transfer water from CC-T-2 to CC-T-1.

Furthermore, this pump may be used for recirculating and sampling the contents of CC-T-2 or CC-T-1. (Recirculation of CC-T-1 may also be accomplished using ALC-P-11.) The sample connection terminates at the sample system sink. The pump is provided with a discharge pressure gauge, and a flow element on the discharge line to Units No. 1 and No. 2, the Spent Fuel Pools, the PWSTs and the truck fill station. Remote indication of flow (ALC-FI-2) and a flow totalizer

(ALC-FQ-2) are located on panel ALC-PNL-1.

To protect the pump from operating at shutoff or low flow, it is provided with a solenoid-operated minimum flow control valve ALC-V291. The minimum flow line branches to both CC-T-1 and CC-T-2; the direction of the flow is to the tank from which the water originates. The operation of the minimum flow control valve is automatic, although manual control is provided as well. Automatic control is provided by differential pressure switch ALC-DPS-1. The switch measures the flow through the pump in terms of  $\Delta P$  across the equipment. When the flow is less than 40 gpm, the minimum flow control valve opens and will remain open until the flow has increased to approximately 90 gpm, at which time it will close. Manual control permits the opening and closing of the valve at any time.

## 2.1.3 ALC-P-9 (See Table 3)

This pump provides water from CC-T-1 to the PWDS evaporator. It is located in the CCB, underneath CC-T-1. Discharge piping from this pump crosses the CCB, the yard, runs down the Unit 1/2 corridor and into the Evaporator Building. The design flowrate of this pump is 5 to 7 gpm.

## 2.1.4 ALC-P-10 (See Table 3)

This pump discharges water from the PWDS evaporator to CC-T-1 for storage. Normally, this water is distillate water; however, flush water or other water may be transferred. This pump draws its suction from ALC-T-3, a small storage tank in the Unit 1/2 corridor. The discharge piping runs down the corridor, across the yard, and into the CCB, where it ties into the ALC-P-5 discharge piping routed to CC-T-1.

Normally this pump's operation in controlled by a level controller in ALC-T-3. When ALC-T-3 is full, the pump operates; when ALC-T-3 reaches low level, the pump stops. A handswitch in the Unit 1/2 corridor allows manual operation of the pump as weil.

The design flowrate of this pump is 5 to 7 gpm.

# 2.1.5 ALC-P-11 (See Table 4)

This single stage centrifugal pump provides the ability to recirculate CC-T-1. (This operation was at one time performed by ALC-P-5. At this time, ALC-P-5 recirculates CC-T-2 while ALC-P-11 recirculates CC-T-1. The use of separate pumps and piping to recirculate these tanks prevents their contents from mixing).

A sample line is provided on the discharge of the pump. This sample line is routed to the CCB Sample Sink.

ALC-P-11 is located beneath CC-T-1. It takes its suction on the tank discharge pipe at the bottom of the tank and discharges into a penetration at the top of the tank.

## 2.1.6 Demineralizer ALC-F-1 (See Table 6)

This first stage demineralizer (also referred to as a "liner") is generally used to remove sodium, other non-radioactive chemicals, and low concentrations of radioactive isotopes. This demineralizer is either a 4x4 or 6x6 carbon steel liner.

Should conditions require gross cesium and strontium removal, a stainless steel HIC loaded with zeolite resins is placed in the first position to act as a roughing filter. This mode of operation precludes the need for SDS; thus, SDS has been placed out of service. The HIC is similar in size to the carbon steel 4x4 liner; the major difference in design being the materials used during fabrication of each type. HIC demineralizers are constructed of a very high grade stainless steel, enabling the container to meet the burial limits of Class B or Class C waste.

In all cases (4x4, 6x6, or HIC liners), the top of the liner has four (4) quick disconnect (QD) fittings: an inlet (pump discharge), an outlet (pump suction), a combination vent/overflow, and an air type QD fitting for the level bubbler tube. As a means of backup level indicator, a threaded level conductivity probe also penetrates the liner top. (NOTE: Polyethylene HICs do not have operable conductivity probes.)

An additional air connection is provided at the top of the carbon steel 6x6 liners to allow removal of the plug from the top of the false bottom after final dewatering. The false bottom is filled with an approved sorbent to absorb water that may tend to accumulate. The false bottom is not required because the water volume absorbed is less than the 0.5% limit for shallow land burial. A manway with approximately a 20" diameter opening is installed on top of the liner.

The inlet nipple is connected to a full dispersion manifold in the top of the liner. The outlet nipple (pump suction line) connects to a single layer filter manifold which is located at the bottom of the liner,

The level probe or bubbler system maintains water level between 4" and 6" from the top of the liner by opening and closing solenoid valve ALC-V185 on the air supply to pump ALC-P-1, which is supplying the water; starting the pump on low level and stopping the pump and closing valves ALC-V043 or ALC-V242 on high level. On Hi Hi level 4" from the liner top, an audible alarm is sounded at the EPICOR II Monitoring Console, located in the TV Monitor and Control Building, valve ALC-V255 closes, and the pump motor operated valve closes. The EPICOR II operator may select either air bubbler or conductivity level control on the Fava Control Panel located in the TV Monitor and Control Building.

The demineralizer is vented, via hose connections, to a 2" vent header which leads into the top of CC-T-1.

A tee is provided in this vent line for a hose connection to a common header which discharges to the CCB sump. The line is provided as a demineralizer overflow line and demineralizer overpressure protection. A loop scal is provided to ensure that all liner gases are routed to CC-T-1 and its vent filters, rather than directly into the CCB. A level switch (ALC-LS-21) is installed in the loop scal for indication of flow in the header and provides an alarm at panel ALC-PNL-1 in the TV Monitor and Control Building.

The shielding in the ALC-F-1 position consists of a 5 1/8" thick, square lead brick wall (3 1/8" thick on south side) plus a 1/2" of shield-supporting steel. Radiation monitors (ALC-RM-1 and 2) are located inside this shield 180 degrees apart at different elevations to

monitor accumulated radiation levels in the demineralizer. When the HIC is installed, a concrete shield (culvert) will provide additional shielding and a place to land the transfer bell while removing the spent HIC.

To avoid breakthrough of sodium to the second liner when demineralizer ALC-F-1 is organically loaded, the batch size through demineralizer ALC-F-1 is limited.

If a HIC is in service in the ALC-F-I position, activity breakthrough will be limited through batch size or by the activity as measured by radiation monitor ALC-RM-7, installed at the influent header of demineralizer ALC-K-1. The second liner will then normally be organically loaded for sodium removal.

If the water source is very low in eesium and strontium, but still requires further polishing (i.e., recycle processing of either CC-T-1 or CC-T-2), a jumper hose may bypass the HIC demineralizer in the ALC-F-1 position. In this configuration, the first liner in the series will be demineralizer ALC-K-1 followed by demineralizer ALC-K-2 (i.e., two liners versus three). Processing relatively clean water will rinse cesium and/or strontium activity off of the HIC zeolites on to the downstream ALC-K-1 demineralizer. This is the purpose of the "BYPASS" mode. Refer to Section 2.1.23 for details regarding demineralizer level controls. Refer to Sections 3.4.2 and 3.4.3 regarding operations and systems that prepare a HIC/demineralizer for shipping and burial.

Remote indication is provided on the cleanup panel ALC-PNL-1 for radiation monitors ALC-RM-1 and 2. During system operation, radiation levels as indicated on radiation monitors ALC-RM-1 and 2 should not be allowed to exceed 1 R/hr.

# 2.1.7 Demineralizers ALC-K-1 and ALC-K-2 (See Table 6)

Two demineralizers are installed in series with demineralizer ALC-F-1 to further remove radioactivity from the waste liquid and polish the effluent.

Demineralizer ALC-K-1 is either a 4x4 or 6x6 liner or a polyethylene HIC and is primarily used to reduce the activity level of the process fluid through ion exchange and filtering. For this reason, the anticipated activity levels are high and the shielding around demineralizer ALC-K-1 is identical to shielding around demineralizer ALC-F-1 when demineralizer ALC-F-1 is a 6x6 liner.

Demineralizer ALC-K-2 is either a 4x4 or 6x6 liner and is primarily used to polish the effluent water from demineralizer ALC-K-1 and to act as a guard in the event of a resin breakthrough from demineralizer ALC-K-1. For this reason, the anticipated activity levels in demineralizer ALC-K-2 are lower than in demineralizer ALC-K-1.

Each demineralizer has the same external connections as demineralizer ALC-F-1. The demineralizer resin composition and quantity will be determined on the basis of system samples and operating data.

As with demineralizer ALC-F-1, two radiation detectors are located at different elevations 180 degrees apart inside the lead shield. Remote indication is provided in the TV Monitor and Control Building on panel ALC-PNL-1. During system operation, radiation levels on indicators ALC-RMI-3 and 4 for demineralizer ALC-K-1, should not be allowed to exceed 1 R/hr. Radiation levels on indicators ALC-RMI-5 and 6 for demineralizer ALC-K-2, should not be allowed to exceed 1R/hr.

# 2.1.8 Miscellaneous Waste Hold-up Tank WDL-T-2 (See Table 7)

The MWHT which has a capacity of 19,518 gallons, can receive liquid from the following sources:

- a. Auxiliary Building Sump Tank
- b. Neutralizer Tanks
- c. Contaminated Drain Tanks
- d. Reactor Building Sump
- e. Deborating Demineralizer back wash outlet

- f. Fuel Storage Pool Submersible Pump Discharge
- g. Demineralized Water System
- h, Condensate Polisher Sump
- i. Water Treatment Sump
- i. Reactor Coolant Bleed Tanks
- k. Concentrated Waste Storage Tank

The tank also has connections to the MWHT pump suction, recirculation capability, a caustic and sulphuric acid inlet, two nitrogen inlets, two vents, a gas sample connection and a relief valve. The tank is vented to the Radwaste Disposal-Gas (WDG) System and has its own HEPA-filtered vent to the Auxiliary Building atmosphere. To prevent acid splashing on the inner tank walls, the inlet piping extends eight (8) feet into the tank. The diameter of the tank is 10'-9 1/4". The MWHT is located in the Auxiliary Building at elevation 305'.

A tee connection is installed in place of the suction line strainer, WDL-U202B, on the MWHT pump (WDL-P-6B) suction line. Connected to this tee is a 2" line which may supply the liquid from the MWHT to the suction side of pump ALC-P-1. An alternate connection from the discharge side of the MWHT pump to EPICOR may also be used to supply EPICOR. A 4" guard pipe with a combination of lead and concrete shielding encloses the piping run from the Auxiliary Building corridor to the CCB penetration. The guard pipe is open to the atmosphere of the CCB, which is under a slight negative pressure.

# 2.1.9 Clean Water Receiving Tank CC-T-2 (See Table 8)

CC-T-2 is a stainless steel atmospheric pressure tank with a capacity of 133,689 gallons located in the CCB. CC-T-2 receives the processed liquid from the discharge of pump ALC-P-4 via, in order, three resin traps, a filter, conductivity cell, pH meter, and an inlet flowmeter/totalizer.

An overflow line with a loop seal is provided near the top of CC-T-2. A demineralized water supply is provided to fill or flush the loop seal. A suction line from transfer pump ALC-P-5 penetrates the CC-T-2 skirt and connects to the bottom of CC-T-2. A connection on the top of CC-T-2 is also provided for the transfer pump recirculation line, a feature that enhances mixing of the contents. Level indication and high level alarm are provided on panel ALC-PNL-1. A future xenon hold-up tank connection is provided on the vent line. A 2" demineralized water line is also provided on top of CC-T-2 for whenever large quantities of demineralized water are required in CC-T-2. This would include preoperational testing or tank cleanup. A drain line is provided off transfer pump ALC-P-5 suction piping to drain the suction piping and the remaining water in CC-T-2 that the transfer pump cannot drain.

CC-T-2 has a 2" vent line exhausting to the CCB through a two-stage demister filter. The first stage consists of two moisture separators and a HEPA filter. The second stage consists of two charcoal filters and a HEPA filter. A normally energized heater in the common 2" vent line is controlled from power panel MP 2-33A.

Processed water is stored in CC-T-2 until a batch is completed. A representative sample of the processed water can be obtained from the discharge of the transfer pump at the sample sink after recirculating three volumes of CC-T-2 and purging the sample lines for five line volumes before drawing the sample. If the sample indicates the water quality is unsatisfactory, the water can be pumped to CC-T-1 for temporary storage or routed directly back into the suction line of pump ALC-P-1 for reprocessing through the filter and demineralizers until the quality is acceptable for discharge to the plant or storage tanks. If sampling indicates that the contents of CC-T-2 are satisfactory, the water is pumped normally into one of the following: the TMI Unit 2 Liquid Waste Disposal System, the Spent Fuel Storage Pools, the BWST, or the PWSTs; however, the water may be stored in CC-T-1, if desired. CC-T-1 is flushed clean with demineralized water or clean processed water before it is used for clean water storage.

# 2.1.10 Off-Spec. Water Receiving/Batch Tank CC-T-1 (See Table 9)

CC-T-1 is a stainless steel tank with a capacity of 85,978 gallons designed for full vacuum to 75 psig. For the EPICOR II System, CC-T-1 is operated at atmospheric pressure only. CC-T-1 can receive the discharge from the CC-T-2 transfer pump whenever it is desired to either recycle the water for further processing, or store the purified water for future disposition.

CC-T-1 is piped to receive the discharge from the CCB sump pump, if desired, but normally the sump is drained by a 2" suction line to pump ALC-P-1 (see Section 2.1.12). A suction line at the bottom of CC-T-1 can be lined up either to pump ALC-P-1 for reprocessing the contents of CC-T-1 through the system, to transfer pump ALC-P-5 for recirculation and sampling, or discharge, or to pump ALC-P-11 for recirculation and sampling. The recirculation lines connect to the top of CC-T-1.

CC-T-1 is vented to the building in the same manner as CC-T-2. An overflow line with a loop seal is provided near the top of CC-T-1. A demineralized water supply is provided to the loop seal. A connection at the top of CC-T-1 receives vents from the prefilter, the demineralizers and the crud filter. Level indication and high level alarm are provided on panel ALC-PNL-1. A future xenon hold-up tank connection is provided on the vent line.

CC-T-1 has a 2" vent line exhausting to the CCB through a two-stage demister filter. The first stage consists of two moisture separators and a HEPA filter. The second stage consists of two charcoal filters and a HEPA filter. A normally energized heater in the common 2" vent line is controlled from power panel MP 2-33A.

CC-T-1 is piped to receive water discharged from the PWDS evaporator. In addition, CC-T-1 may be used to provide water to the PWDS evaporator by way of ALC-P-9.

#### 2.1.11 ALC-T-3 (See Table 10)

This stainless steel tank has a capacity of 100 gallons and is designed to receive water from the PWDS. The tank is located in the Unit 1/2

corridor and provides a suction volume for pump ALC-P-10 to forward water to CC-T-1, or pump PW-P-3 to forward water to the Processed Water Storage Tanks.

A ball-float level-controller installed in this tank normally controls the operation of ALC-P-10 or PW-P-3 (pumping out the tank when level is high, stopping the pump when the level is low). The overflow from this tank is routed to the Evaporator Building sump. The tank is operated at atmospheric pressure only and is placed in a stainless steel drip tray to capture any tank leakage. A sight glass is provided on the side of the tank to allow a visual check of water level.

# 2.1.12 Chemical Cleaning Building Sump

The CCB sump is a stainless steel lined pit with a capacity of 4000 gallons located in the northwest corner of the CCB. All leakage from tank overflow, equipment, and floor drains is collected in the sump. One sump pump (see Table 11) is installed to permit the transfer of the liquid from the sump to CC-T-1, if desired. The pump is a single stage centrifugal pump with a capacity of 100 gpm. The pump motor is rated at 20 HP and is controlled from a selector switch (MAN-OFF-AUTO) located on MCC 2-33A. When in AUTO, the pump is controlled by conductivity type level switch ALC-LS-1 which starts and stops the pump automatically. A High Sump Level Alarm is provided on cleanup panel ALC-PNL-1.

When in AUTO, the pump is started when the water level in the sump reaches a level that is 48 1/4 inches below the face of the pump mounting. The pump stops when the level of water has been lowered to a level that is 90 3/8 inches below the pump face. The high level alarm is actuated when the water level reaches 36 1/4 inches below the face of the pump mounting. The volume of water removed from pump START to pump STOP is approximately 1600 gallons. There is also a volume of nearly 1700 gallons above the High Alarm before the sump overflows.

The sump is normally defined by a 2" line provided from the sump to a 2" flushing line just upstream of its entry into the suction line of pump ALC-P-1. This permits the return of the sump water to the EPICOR II System directly from the sump without circulating through

pump CC-P-2A and CC-T-1. A 3/4" branch connection is provided in this line with quick disconnects attached to permit ready access for tlushing with demineralized water from an outlet downstream of valve ALC-V015 with a short length of hose.

## 2.1.13 20 Ton Monorail Hoist System (See Table 12)

A 20 ton hoist is provided for removal and replacement of the demineralizers and other large pieces of auxiliary equipment in and out of the building. It is mounted on the monorail which extends from the north side of the CCB above the resin traps through the south end of the building, extending 18' outside of the building over the cask loading area.

In order to minimize the radiation exposure to personnel during demineralizer removal, the hoist is operated remotely using a remote pendant operating station in the TV Monitor and Control Building. Remote operation is aided through the use of a closed circuit TV (CCTV) system with six cameras. The pendant has six pushbuttons for trolley and hoist operation - one START, one STOP, two for north/south movement of the single speed trolley, and two for the hoist Quad-Speed Control System which are, a 4-step button for creep, low, medium and high speed RAISE, and a 4-step button for creep, low, medium and high speed LOWER.

There is also a local monorall hoist pendant located on the CCB operating floor. This pendant is used for performing operations where there is little radiation exposure, such as bringing a new liner of resin into the building.

To aid positioning of the hoist remotely for demineralizer replacement, the monorail has visible target markings above the demineralizers and in the cask loading area, all of which can be viewed with the TV cameras.

# 2.1.14 Resin Filters ALC-F-4A, B and C (See Table 5)

Three resin filters (i.e., traps) are provided downstream of pump ALC-P-4 to prevent resin fines from entering CC-T-2. If any filter's contact radiation level reaches 250 mR/hr (on any part of the filter), the

system must be shutdown and the filter replaced. Four sides of the filters are shielded by 8" thick solid concrete blocks. The top is shielded with 1/2 inch of lead.

#### 2.1.15 Crad Filter ALC-F-5 (See Table 5)

A ten micron (nominally rated) or finer filter with isolation valves is provided between the resin filter and CC-T-2. The primary purpose of this filter is to eliminate most particulates present in the processed water. A vent line connected to CC-T-1 and a drain line to the floor drain system is provided for draining the filter housing prior to inserting or removing a filter cartridge. The filter is shielded by 3 1/8" lead bricks on three sides, and by a concrete wall on the fourth side.

During removal of the filter, it is handled as radioactive material. The filter is replaced whenever the contact radiation level reaches 250 mR/hr or when the pressure drop reduces the process flowrate below an acceptable value. A special lever is provided to aid in removal of the filter cartridge, if necessary.

# 2.1.16 Ventilation Heating Unit and Moisture Separator

Heating unit ALC-E-H1 (see Table 13) is mounted on the inlet of the filtration unit at elevation 304' and consists of a moisture separator (ALC-E-F1) and a 60 KW 480 volt, 3 phase heater. The heater is powered from MCC 2-33A.

#### 2.1.17 Ventilation Filter Unit

The filter unit consists of a single housing containing, in order: a prefilter (ALC-E-F2), a HEPA filter (ALC-E-F3), charcoal filter beds (ALC-E-F4) and a final HEPA filter (ALC-E-F5). A manually actuated fire protection water supply is provided for the charcoal beds,

# 2.1.18 Ventilation Fan Assembly (See Table 13)

Fan assembly ALC-E-1 is a 30HP, 460 volt, 3 phase, 60 cycle, radial flow centrifugal unit with a capacity of 8000 cfm. This fan, powered from MCC 2-33A, is mounted on the outlet of the filter unit and discharges the ventilation exhaust through ducting (monitored by a

radiation detector) and out through the roof.

## 2.1.19 Ventilation Radiation Monitor ALC-RMI-18 (See Table 13)

This radiation monitor samples air in the fan discharge line isokinetically at a rate of 4 cfm to provide local (at monitor) and remote indication (on panel ALC-PNL-1) of discharge particulate and noble gas activity levels. Remote indication of these parameters is recorded on a strip chart recorder. The monitor will provide an alarm at a radiation level of 4.11E-2  $\mu$ Ci particulate or 3.81E-4  $\mu$ Ci/cc noble gas activity on the panel in the TV Monitor and Control Building. This radiation monitor is powered from MCC 2-33A. A splitter block has been provided in the line to the radiation monitor to provide a means of taking grab samples as may be required.

## 2.1.20 Ventilation Weatherproof Enclosure

The weatherproof enclosure is located at grade level and houses the components discussed in Sections 2.1.16 through 2.1.19.

# 2.1.21 Chemical Cleaning Building Radiation Monitors

Four area radiation monitors (ALC-RM-8 through 11) are provided in the CCB. These radiation monitors are provided with remote indication on the radiation monitoring panel ALC-PNL-1 in the TV Monitor and Control Building. The monitors provide a common alarm at a high radiation level and monitor failure on panel ALC-PNL-1. These radiation monitors are provided for operator information.

# 2.1.22 Closed Circuit TV System

A CCTV system is provided to aid in remote handling of the demineralizers and to aid in system surveillance during operation. The system consists of seven TV cameras strategically located in the CCB. The TV monitors and necessary controls are mounted on the TV Monitor Console located in the TV Monitor and Control Building.

Camera No. 1 is mounted on the monorail support structure outside the CCB to allow viewing of the prefilter or demineralizer while being loaded into the transfer cask. Camera No. 2 is mounted directly on the

20 ton hoist and provides a direct view of the monorail. Target markings which can be viewed with this camera are provided on the monorail to aid in the positioning of the hoist. Camera No. 3 has a PAN-TILT control and is mounted to provide a view of demineralizer ALC-K-2 for remote handling. The PAN-TILT control allows remote movement of the camera to permit scanning a large area of the CCB for surveillance during system operation. Cameras No. 4 and No. 5 provide a view of the top area of demineralizers ALC-F-1 and ALC-K-1 to aid in remote handling of these casks and to provide a surveillance capability for these casks during operation of the system. Camera No. 6 is mounted to provide a view of the pumps ALC-P-1 This camera provides the operator with a remote surveillance capacity for viewing this area of the building during system operation. Camera No. 7 has a PAN-TILT control and is mounted on the west wall between demineralizers ALC-K-1 and ALC-K-2 to provide remote monitoring of potential leak areas.

# 2.1.23 Major System Valves

#### Inlet Isolation Valve ALC-V043

One stainless steel, 2", 120V motor-operated ball valve is installed on the inlet line from the source tank to the EPICOR II System. The valve is powered from the 120/208V power panel MP 2-33A and controlled by a handswitch located on MCC 2-33A, Compartment 3D and a prefilter level probe. Valve position and control power availability indications are provided by red, green and white indicating lights also located on Compartment 3D. The three lights will be on while the valve is in an intermediate position. The valve is provided with a manual override for "close" operation only. Valve ALC-V043 is interlocked with valve ALC-V242 to assure that only one of these two valves can be OPEN at a time. Valve ALC-V043 is also interlocked with the level monitor of demineralizers ALC-F-1 and ALC-K-1. The valve closes automatically when a high level occurs in the controlling demineralizer, to prevent overfilling of the vessel. The choice of the controlling demineralizer is dictated by the configuration of the processing train through selector switch ALC-SS-I (F-I ON LINE or F-1 BYPASSED). If demineralizer ALC-F-1 is in the processing train, its level controller will control valve ALC-V043; if demineralizer ALC-F-1 is bypassed, control of valve ALC-V043 is

transferred to demineralizer ALC-K-1 level controller.

## Service Air Regulator Valve ALC-V109

One 3" pressure regulating valve with a 450 lb, rating at 120°F is installed on the service air header supply to the EPICOR II System to reduce the pressure to 80 psig.

# Process Supply Line Valve ALC-V255 to Demineralizer ALC-F-1

One 2" solenoid valve (ALC-V255) with a 150 lb. rating at 120°F is installed on the line between pump ALC-P-1 and demineralizer ALC-F-1 between manual valves ALC-V191 and ALC-V207. Valve ALC-V255 is normally closed unless energized and is interlocked to close on high level in demineralizer ALC-F-1. Additionally, it closes on loss of electrical power or when the EPICOR II System is not running.

# Off-Spec, Water Supply Isolation Valves ALC-V086 and ALC-V242 to Pump ALC-P-1

One stainless steel, 2", air-operated ball valve, ALC-V242, is installed on the supply line from CC-T-1 to the suction of pump ALC-P-1. The valve allows reprocessing of water from either CC-T-1 or CC-T-2. The valve is powered from the 120/208V power panel MP 2-33A and controlled by a handswitch located on MCC 2-33A, Compartment 3E, Valve position and power availability indications function in the same manner as for valve ALC-V043. Valve ALC-V242 is interlocked with valve ALC-V043 to assure that only one of these two valves can be OPEN at a time. Valve ALC-V242 is an air-operated ball valve which is energized to open. This valve will close on loss of power thus avoiding uncontrolled draining of either CC-T-1 or CC-T-2. The valve is interlocked with valve ALC-V043 such that only one valve can be opened at a time to prevent crossflow. It is also interlocked with the level controller of demineralizers ALC-F-1 and ALC-K-1, in the same arrangement as valve ALC-V043.

Valve ALC-V086 is a stainless steel, 2", 120V motor-operated ball valve which is also installed on the outlet line of CC-T-1. It is controlled by a manual handswitch mounted in MCC 2-33A,

compartment 3E. By opening valve ALC-V086 and closing ALC-V242, clean water can be sent from CC-T-1 to the suction of transfer pump ALC-P-5 for transfer to the PWSTs or other transfer points.

## 2.1.24 Sample System

A sample system is provided to obtain a representative sample of CC-T-1, CC-T-2, and the effluents of demineralizers ALC-F-1, ALC-K-1 and ALC-K-2.

The samples from the demineralizers and the sample obtained from the feed tank are used to determine the isotopic inventory deposited on the resin beds. The determination is made by analyzing the influent and effluent isotopic concentrations, the difference of which is deposited on the bed. This information is required for shipment of the spent containers to the waste disposal site.

A common collection station shielded by an 8-inch thick solid block wall is located on the CCB mezzanine, and is provided for controlled and safe sampling.

The collection station consists of individual sample stations for CC-T-1 and CC-T-2; and for demineralizers ALC-F-1, ALC-K-1, and ALC-K-2; and a sample sink.

The sample sink is provided with demineralized water for the sink spray header and bottle washing. The drain from the sink is routed to the CCB sump. The sink is also provided with ventilation which consists of a hood and ductwork tied into the CCB ventilation system.

Recirculation of the sample lines from demineralizers ALC-F-1, ALC-K-1, and ALC-K-2 back to the suction of pump ALC-P-2, and the collection of samples is controlled by solenoid valves. The ability to obtain grab samples is provided in the recirculation line for flow verification. Piping for the sample lines is 1/2" stainless steel tubing with compression type connectors.

NOTE: See Sections 2.1.9 and 2.1.10 for further information on obtaining a sample from CC-T-1 and CC-T-2.

# 2.1.25 ALC-F-1 Liner Breakthrough Monitor

Radiation monitor ALC-RMI-7 is installed on the discharge of demineralizer ALC-F-1 to monitor for activity breakthrough on the first demineralizer. The monitor has two alarm setpoints. The Alert Alarm setpoint is 68,000 cpm above background, and the High Alarm setpoint is 136,000 cpm above background.

# 2.2 Instruments, Controls, Alarms, and Protective Devices

# 2.2.1 Cleanup System

The EPICOR II System is normally operated and monitored from control panel ALC-PNL-1 located in the TV Monitor and Control Building which is a separate prefabricated building. The TV Monitor and Control Building is adjacent to the northwest corner of the CCB.

Electrical power is supplied to the EPICOR II System from 750 KVA Unit Substation USS 2-33 located on the mezzanine floor at elevation 305° in the southeast corner of the Turbine Building for Unit 2. USS 2-33 was originally the power supply to the Control Rod Drive Motors. 480V power from USS 2-33 is supplied to MCC 2-33A located inside the TV Monitor and Co-rol Building. The HVAC system fan and heaters, the transfer pump, building sump pump, and the 20-toa hoist are powered from MCC 2-33A. A 480-120/208 Vac, 25 KVA transformer, supplied from MCC 2-33A, supplies all other system electrical loads from power panel MP 2-33A, except heat traces which are supplied from the control rod breaker MCC 2-43.

The EPICOR II pumps are controlled through an automatic control unit which provides AUTO/MANUAL on-off switches and indicating lights for the pumps, demineralizer high level alarms, and an ON/OFF switch for the unit. Control power is provided for the EPICOR II solenoid operated air supply valves through these units. The speed of the pumps is controlled by throttling motor operated valves ALC-V260, 261, 262 and 263. A turbine flowmeter (ALC-FI-1) is provided to monitor process flow rates.

All process instrumentation monitored in the control center is mounted on cleanup panel ALC-PNL-1. Audible alarms and indicating lights are provided on this panel for CCB Sump High Level, CCB Ventilation System Trouble, CCB Charcoal Filter High Temperature, CCB High Exhaust Radiation Level, CCB Radiation Monitor Failed, Building Radiation Level, and demineralizers ALC-F-1, ALC-K-1 and 2 Loop Seal Flow. Remote indication is provided for the area radiation monitors and the air sampler on the radiation monitoring panel located adjacent to the cleanup panel.

## 2.2.2 Ventilation System

## 2.2.2.1 Heating Unit and Moisture Separator

The moisture separator is instrumented with a differential pressure indicator and switch, ALC-DPI-11 and ALC-DPS-11, respectively. The heating unit (ALC-E-H1) is provided with a temperature indicating controller and a high temperature switch.

The temperature indicating controller functions to maintain the heaters energized providing a heater outlet air temperature of no more than 146°F. If the air temperature rises to 160°F, the high temperature switch will automatically deenergize the heaters. If the heaters are to be reenergized, the reset button must be depressed when air temperature at the thermocouple drops below the 160°F temperature switch setpoirat.

Indication of operation of the temperature indicating controller and high temperature switches are provided on the switches, both of which are located in the heater control panel near the heaters on the filtration unit.

Manual energizing/deenergizing of the heater control panel occurs at MCC 2-33A. The heater panel is also de-energized automatically should the system ventilation fan trip or in any other way fail to maintain minimum flow at the fan discharge flow switch.

A red light on the heater controller panel indicates power available to the heater control panel.

## 2.2.2.2 Filter Unit

Differential pressure indication is provided for the filter unit's prefilter (ALC-E-F2). While a differential pressure indication (ALC-DPI-11) is provided locally, a differential pressure switch (ALC-DPS-11) will actuate a remote "Trouble" alarm at 1.75" w.g. warning the operator of a restricted flow condition existing in the prefilter. (Note: The prefilter is replaced when it exhibits a pressure drop of 1.5" w.g.)

Two differential pressure switches (one not connected) and a differential pressure indicator (ALC-DPI-13) are located on the first HEPA filter (ALC-E-F3) in the filter unit for indication and alarm. Switch ALC-DPS-13 warns of a high differential pressure condition by actuating the ventilation unit common "Trouble" alarm at 3" w.g.

The charcoal filter is instrumented with a fire detection system. A prealarm (switch ALC-TSH-15 set at 220°F) actuates a local amber light, a remote high temperature alarm and a horn warning of increasing temperature in the charcoal bed. At 325°F, remote common "Trouble" and local red light alarms are actuated from switch ALC-TSHH-15 indicating a Hi Hi temperature condition exists in the bed. In addition, ALC-TSHH-15 actuation results in an alarm in the Unit 2 Control Room (Alarm #7BP5, "Chem Cleaning Building (EPICOR) Fire").

Indication of operability of the fire detection system is provided by an "Abnormal Detection" white light, located on the filtration unit fire detection panel.

Also provided on the charcoal absorber is a differential pressure indicating controller (ALC-DPI-14). This is not connected.

The final stage of filtration in the filtration unit occurs in the last HEPA filter (ALC-E-F5). In addition to being provided with local differential pressure indication (ALC-DPI-16), the remote "Trouble" alarm is actuated on a high HEPA filter differential pressure of 3" w.g. by the locally mounted differential pressure switch (ALC-DPS-16).

# 2.2.2.3 Fan Assembly

The fan assembly, as previously noted, is interlocked with the 60 KW heater. A control interlock is provided through the fan and heater circuitry such that the heater may not be energized unless the fan is running. A flow indicating switch (ALC-FIS-17) on the discharge of the fan provides a safety interlock: if the filtration unit is operating and the discharge flow of the fan falls below 4,000 cfm, the heater and fan monitor will trip. Switch ALC-FIS-17 is also tied into the common, remote panel mounted "Trouble" alarm. The fan is started and stopped from MCC 2-33A.

## 2.2.2.4 Radiation Monitor (Controls)

Radiation monitor ALC-RMI-18 is energized and deenergized locally at the monitor cabinet. Separate control switches are provided: one on the unit itself and another for the monitor sample pump. (Note: During operation of the CCB Ventilation System, the radiation monitor must be energized at all times). A "Power Available" light is provided on the unit.

Local indication of the ventilation exhaust particulate and/or gaseous activity level is provided on the monitor. At a radiation level of 4.1 1E-2  $\mu$ Ci particulate or 3.81E-4  $\mu$ Ci/cc noble gas the High Radiation alarm will sound on the panel in the control shed.

## 3.0 PRINCIPAL MODES OF OPERATION

## 3.1 Startup

## 3.1.1 Ventilation System

Prior to startup of this unit, the manual dampers ALC-E-D1 and D2 are checked open and the radiation monitor is energized and operational.

When the fan is started (at MCC 2-33A), sufficient air flow will exist (approximately 4000 cfm minimum) through the unit prior to energizing the heaters. After startup, ventilation unit temperature, flow, and activity indications are verified normal before the unit is left unattended. The system is normally operated at 7000 - 9000 cfm to ensure the CCB is maintained under negative pressure.

# 3.1.2 Cleanup System

lratial startup of the EPICOR II System is with the demineralizers empty of liquid. The CCB Ventilation System shall be in operation prior to operating the EPICOR II System.

Normal startup of the EPICOR II System is accomplished by supplying the system with the process feedwater from CC-T-1, CC-T-2, or the various source tanks. Except for the MWHT, the process feedwater is delivered to the process stream by the source tank's pumping system. If MVVHT is the feedwater source, the supply header is primed initially. Depending on the source of the process feed, the feed supply valve (e.g., ALC-V043 or ALC-V242) is then opened and process pump ALC-P-I started. Startup of pump ALC-P-I is accomplished by opening the air supply valve ALC-V011, stop valve ALC-V185 and control valve ALC-V260; the latter is used to control the pump speed. The water drawn from the feedwater supply header by pump ALC-P-1 is pumped to demineralizer ALC-F-1. When demineralizer ALC-F-1 is full, pump ALC-P-1 will stop automatically on high level. Similarly, process pump ALC-P-2 is operated until demineralizer ALC-K-1 is full, then pump ALC-P-3 is operated until demineralizer ALC-K-2 is full. As soon as the demineralizers are full, processing is then commenced by starting pump ALC-P-4 and opening discharge valve ALC-V277. Using the process pumps respective control valves (ALC-V260 through ALC-V263), the pump speed is adjusted to maintain a balanced flow of about 5 to 25 gpm through the demineralizers.

NOTE: Batch quantity and flow rate are calculated/determined by the efficiency of the demineralizer resin charge. Flow rates and batch sizes are adjusted to efficiently process the radioactive waste water.

# 3.2 Normal Operation

### 3.2.1 Ventilation System

During normal operation, the ventilation unit requires little operator action. The unit is periodically checked to ensure that indication is operable and that temperatures, flows and radiation levels are within the normal ranges.

Increasing differential pressures across the moisture separator and HEPA filters are an indication that the components are retaining dirt, etc. These components are replaced as required to ensure that flow through the ventilation unit is maximized.

The radiation monitor and recorder are checked periodically and reviewed for evidence of trends indicating that increasing levels of activity are being discharged. A trend showing increasing discharge activity levels is indicative of carryover from the filter unit and will be treated accordingly.

# 3.2.2 Cleanup System

Once the flow rate is established for the process, the system operates automatically by starting and stopping the pumps (ALC-P-I through 4) in order to maintain the proper level in the demineralizers. Instrumentation is provided on the control panel to monitor system parameters and to balance the system to minimize pump cycling.

When a desired volume has been reached in CC-T-2, transfer pump ALC-P-5 is started to recirculate at least three tank volumes of water after which a sample is drawn for analysis. Water acceptable for use in the plant will be pumped to the TMI Unit 2 Liquid Waste Disposal

System, CC-T-1. CO-T-1A, BWST, or the PWSTs. Out of specification water may be pumped to CC-T-1 for reprocessing (See Sections 2.1.9 and 2.1.10) or it will be processed directly from CC-T-2 under a feed and bleed scheme.

#### 3.3 Shutdown

#### 3.3.1 Ventilation System

The purpose of the ventilation system is to ensure that all air leaving the CCB is filtered and monitored for radiation. Shutdown of the ventilation system will preclude filtration and monitoring of the air and will not be performed unless dictated by other casualty/operational considerations. To shutdown the ventilation unit, the 60 KW heaters, fan (ALC-E-1) and radiation monitor are de-energized from their respective breakers in MCC 2-33A.

#### 3.3.2 Cleanup System

The system is shutdown and flow through the process system stopped by closing the air supply valves to pumps ALC-P-I through 4. To shutdown the system upon completion of processing a batch, the pumps are secured and the liquid supply valve ALC-V043 or ALC-V086 is closed. Valves ALC-V242 and ALC-V255 close automatically as power is shutdown. Valve ALC-V277 is closed to prevent syphoning of the third demineralizer to CC-T-2.

The system is shut down and the affected unit replaced when radiation monitors on any of the demineralizers or system sampling indicate the unit has collected a quantity of material which is limited by shipping regulations, or that the resins are exhausted chemically. To replace one of the units, the liner is emptied of water, the three hoses, the level probe cable and the bubbler unit disconnected from the liner, and the remotely-operated hoist used to transport the demineralizer to the outside of the CCB to the transfer cask. The replacement unit is then installed, the hoses, the level probe cable and the bubbler line reconnected and the system started as described in Section 3.1. Each liner has its own level probe which is discarded with the liner. (NOTE: Polyethylene HICs do not have operable conductivity-type level probes.)

# 3.4 Special or Infrequent Operation

# 3.4.1 Filter Change-out

When a filter bank requires changing, the EPICOR II System will be shutdown. The ventilation system will be shutdown during the filter change-out.

# 3.4.2 HIC/Demineralizer Dewatering and Drying

The Zeolite Resin Drying System dries process media (i.e., zeolite resin, activated carbon and/or sand) in a 50 cu, ft. stainless steel HIC/demineralizer for transportation and disposal at a low-level waste disposal facility.

This is accomplished in a three (3) step process. First, the bulk of the free water is removed using procedures associated with HIC removal at the EPICOR II System. Second, the drying unit's sandpiper is started and its blower is energized to recirculate air down through the media. The air is heated as it passes through the blower and as this warm dry air passes through the media it entrains and vaporizes moisture. This warm air then passes through the entrainment separator. enroute to the blower inlet, where refrigeration coils condense the water vapor in the air and any entrained water is removed. Water is removed from the entrainment separator using the dewatering pump. Air is circulated down through the media for four (4) hours. Finally, the drying process shifts from downflow to upflow. This is done in order to have the driest media at the bottom of the container where they can best absorb any water generated through condensation as the container cools during storage and shipment. Air is circulated up through zeolite resin for 12 hours or, in the case of activated carbon, for 20 hours. At this point, the relative humidity of the air stream leaving the container should be at or below the required value, indicating that the media is dry. The system is then shut down and the container is ready to be sealed and shipped.

The dewatering pump (sandpiper) not only removes entrained water from the separator tank but, for the most part, maintains the process under a vacuum thereby minimizing the potential spread of contamination due to hose/connection leaks. The excess air removed by the dewatering pump is directed through a filtered drain path/container approved by Radiological Controls personnel.

The drying system is a skid mounted unit. The services required for drying operations are 480 VAC (standard 4 pole welding receptacle), 100 psi service air and demineralized water or processed water needed to fill and flush the system. Polyethylene HICs are not dried using the Zeolite Resin Drying System. Rather, they are dewatered using approved procedures to meet the dewatering criteria for their burial.

#### 3.4.3 Remote Closure Device

The remote closure device is designed to provide a safe and efficient means of sealing an EPICOR II stainless steel HIC/demineralizer to meet the requirements for disposal at a low level waste disposal facility.

Performing this operation (installing the ENVIROALLOY lid) to a HIC/demineralizer is done remotely in order to minimize exposure of operating personnel to ionizing radiation. This is accomplished by means of a hydraulic skid. Aligning the closure head with the HIC/demineralizer is performed using the CCTV cameras and monitor. Maintaining proper alignment is important so that the eight wedges are driven evenly into their respective holes on top of the HIC/demineralizer. This operation pushes down on the lid and seals the container. Once the container is sealed, it can be removed from service for storage and/or shipment to the burial site.

The Remote Closure Device is not used on polyethylene HICs.

# 3.5 Emergency

# 3.5.1 Loss of CCB Ventilation System

On loss of the CCB Ventilation System, the EPICOR II System will be shutdown.

#### 3.5.2 Loss of Electrical Power

On loss of electrical power to the CCB MCC 2-33A, pumps ALC-P-1 through 4 will automatically stop as the solenoid valves on the air

supply lines fail closed on loss of power. Valves ALC-V043 and V086 fail "As Is". Valve ALC-V255 fails closed. Valve ALC-V242 fails closed on loss of power to stop flow from CC-T-1. If flow through the system is from the MWHT, operator action is required to close valve WDL-V262B. Power will be lost to the CCB Ventilation System 60KW heaters, exhaust fan and radiation monitor.

On loss of power to the MCC 2-43 supply, backup air supply and heat traces will not be available.

When electrical power is lost, all automatically controlled equipment will be placed in the manual OFF position. When emergency power is available, the system will be restarted.

# 3.5.3 Loss of System Air

Loss of system air causes the EPICOR II pumps to stop until the Service Air System is returned to service.

#### 3.5.4 Fire

# 3.5.4.1 Ventilation System

The charcoal absorber beds in the ventilation unit ignite upon high temperature. Upon verification of ignition of the charcoal bed, the manually actuated fire protection sprays will be cut in.

# 3.5.4.2 Cleanup System

If a fire occurs in the TV Monitor and Control Building the sprinkler system will automatically initiate. The CCB is provided with a hose station on the mezzanine for manual firefighting.

#### 4.0 HAZARDS AND PRECAUTIONS

Since the system is handling radioactivity contaminated fluids, all appropriate health physics precautions will be observed during operation and maintenance. Under no circumstances will discharges be made to the environment without proper authorization.

The CCB Ventilation System will process potentially contaminated air. As such, any operations or maintenance associated with the system will fully incorporate appropriate Radiological Controls Department guidelines/requirements. Any solid or liquid ventilation system waste will be sampled and cleared by Rad Con before release to the environment.

Positive verification of a charcoal bed fire will exist before manual initiation of fire protection spray system since water will damage the charcoal bed.

Flushing connections are provided at various locations in the system and provide a means for reducing the radiation levels in the piping. Flushing will be exercised when maintenance is performed,

# TABLE I

#### EPICOR II PUMPS

# Pump Details

Identification ALC-P-1, 2, 3, 4

Number Installed

Manufacturer Warren Rupp Co.

Model No. SA 2-A

Type Double opposed diaphragm

Maximum rated capacity at 90 psi air supply 120 gpm at 45 ft of head

Operating point capacity at 90 psi air supply 20 gpm at 170 ft of head

Max, air pressure 125 psi

Lubricant Oil

#### TRANSFER PUMP

# Pump Details

Identification Number Installed Manufacturer Model No.

Type
Standard Material Designation
Rated Speed
Rated Capacity
Rated Total Dynamic Head
Shutoff Head
Design Pressure, Casing
Design Temperature
Lubricant
Impeller Dia.

#### Motor Details

Manufacturer
Type
Enclosure
Rated Horsepower
Speed
Lubricant/Coolant
Power Requirements

Power Source

ALC-P-5

1
Ingersoll Rand
3 x 2 x 10 Type HOC2,
Group 2, ANSI A60
Horizontal Centrifugal
Col. DI
1750 rpm
200 gpm
100'
121'
200 psig
110°C
SAE 20 or 30 Oil
10.0" installed: 10.75" max.

Allis-Chalmers RGZ TEFC 10 HP 1750 rpm Greasc/air 480V AC/13A, 3 Phase, 60 Hz MCC 2-33A

#### PUMPS ALC-P-9 and ALC-P-10

# Pump Details

Identification Number Installed Manufacturer Model Number Type

Rated Speed Rated Capacity Rated TDH Shutoff Head

#### Motor Details

Manufacturer
Type
Enclosure
Rated Horsepower
Speed
Insulation Class
Service
Service Factor
Lubricant/Coolant
Power Requirements

ALC-P-9/ALC-P-10
2
Price Pump Company
HP-75-150B
Single Stage Close Coupled
Centrifugal
3600 rpm (nominal)
7 gpm
148

Baldor Induction ODP 1-1/2 HP 3450 rpm B Continuous 1.3

1.65

Grease/Air 120 volt, single phase, 60 Hz

#### **RECIRCULATION PUMP ALC-P-11**

## Pump Details

Identification Number Installed Manufacturer Model No.

Type

Standard Material Designation Rated Speed Rated Capacity Rated Total Dynamic Head Shutoff Head Design Pressure, Casing Design Temperature Lubricant

#### Motor Details

Manufacturer Horsepower Speed Lubricant/Coolant Power Requirements

Frame ID No. Coupling Shaft End Bearing Opp. End Bearing Duriron Company, Inc.
Durco Mark II
(1.5" x 1" x 4-7/8"
impeller)
Self-priming, recessed
impeller
316 Stainless
3500 rpm
50 gpm
65 ft
100 ft
275 psig
100°F
Modified stuffing box w/

ALC-P-11

packing

U.S. Electrical Motors Rated 3 HP 3490 rpm Grease/Air 230/460V, 3 Phase, 8.2/4.1 amps 145 T F-4606-02-750 T.B. Woods Model SC4J 6205-22-J/C3 6203-22-J/C3

# FILTERS Resin Filters (Traps)

#### Details

Identification
Number Installed
Manufacturer
Installation
Outside diameter and height
Shell material
Design pressure
Screening

Identification Number Installed Manufacturer Installation Type Orig. P.O.# Model # Filter Bag 3 GPUN Horizontal Approx. 10" x 28" PVC 100 psig 100 Mesh, Stainless

ALC-F-4A, B, C

ALC-F-6
1
FSI Filter Specialists, Inc.
Vertical Basket
Strainer
065333
FSI #FSP-35
150 Micron Nylon
Monofilament FSI P/N
NM0150P4P-A

#### **Crud Filters**

Identification
Number Installed
Manufacturer of Housing
Installation Vertical
Outside diameter and height
Shell thickness
Shell material
Design pressure, temperature
Particle size rating

Model No. National Board No. Year ALC-F-5
I
Pall Trinity Micro Corp.

#### **DEMINERALIZERS**

#### Tank Details

Identification
Number Installed
Manufacturer
Installation Vertical
Outside diameter and height
Shell thickness
Shell material
Design pressure

ALC-F-1, ALC-K-1, ALC-K-2 3 (typically) (Various)

4'x4' or 6'x6' 1/4" Cartxon Steel 2 psi

#### OR

Identification Number Installed Manufacturer Installation Vertical Outside diameter and height Shell thickness Shell material

Design pressure

ALC-F-I (HIC) I (typically) Nuclear Packaging Inc.

4'0" x 4'3" 3/8" Ferralium (ASTM A240 UNS Desig S-32550) 10 psi

#### OR

Identification
Number Installed
Manufacturer
Installation Vertical
Outside diameter and height
Shell thickness
Shell material
Design pressure

ALC-K-1 (Polyethylene HIC) 1 (typically) SEG Corporation

6' x 6' (Radlok-179) 0.57" minimum Cross-linked polyethylene 5 ft. H<sub>2</sub>O (while in service at EPICOR)

#### MISCELLANEOUS WASTE HOLD-UP TANK

Tank Details

Identification WDL-T-2

Manufacturer Richmond Engineering Co. Inc.

Capacity 19.518 gal.

Installation Horizontal

Outside diameter and length 10' - 9 1/4"; 32' - 4 5/8"

Shell material SA-240, 304 S/S

Shell thickness 3/8"

Design temperature 150°F

Design pressure 20 psig

Corrosion allowance 0"

Design code 1968 ASME, Sec. III, Class 3

Code stamp required ASME Code

#### CLEAN WATER RECEIVING TANK\*

Tank Details

Identification CC-T-2

Number Installed

Manufacturer Chicago Bridge & Iron Co.

Capacity 133,689 gal.

Installation Vertical

Outside diameter and height 25'; 35'

Shell material 304 Stainless Steel

Shell thickness 3/16" to 3/8"

Design pressure Atmospheric

Corrosion allowance 0"

Code stamp required No

<sup>\*</sup> Formerly designated the Rinse Hold Tank for Once-Through-Steam-Generator (OTSG) Chemical Cleaning System

#### OFF-SPEC. WATER RECEIVING/BATCH TANK\*

Tank Details

Identification CC-T-1

Number Installed 1

Manufacturer Chicago Bridge & Iron Co.

Capacity 85,978 gal.

Installation Vertical

Outside diameter and height 21'-10"; 39'-0"

Shell material 304 Stainless Steel

Shell thickness 13/32" to 11/16"

Design temperature 250°F

Design pressure Full vacuum to 75 psig

Corrosion allowance 0"

Code stamp required Yes

<sup>\*</sup> Formerly designated the Chemical Cleaning Solution Tank for the OTSG Chemical Cleaning System

#### ALC-T-3

Tank Details

Identification ALC-T-3

Manufacturer B&G Machine, Co., Inc.

Capacity 100 gallons

Installation Vertical

Shell Material 304 S.S. (ASTM A240-87)

Outside Diameter and Height 30"/53"

Design Temperature 212°F

Design Pressure Atmospheric

#### TABLE !!

# SUMP PUMP CHEMICAL CLEANING BUILDING

# Pump Detail

CC-P-2A Identification Number Installed Gould Manufacturer 3171 Model No. Vertical Type 36:00 mm Rated speed 100 gpm \* Rated capacity 250" Rated total head Min. Submergence required 150 psig Design pressure, casing 450°F Design temperature Water Lubricant

#### Motor Details

General Electric Manufacturer Vertical Induction Type TEFC Enclosure Rated Horsepower 20 HP 3600 rpm Speed Lubricant/Coolant Grease/Air Power Requirements 480V AC, 3 Phase, 60 Hz. Power Source MCC 2-33A

#### MONORAIL HOIST SYSTEM

Number Installed

Manufacturer Harnischfeger, Inc., P&H

Model #36CS23E

Capacity 20 ton

Total Lift 25'-6"

Speed

Hoist 20 fpm maximum (90% load)

10 fpm medium
5 fpm low
1 fpm creep

Trolley 50 fpm

Control

Hoist Quad - Speed

Trolley Single Speed

Power Supply 460 V AC, 3 Phase, 60 Hz

MCC 2-33A

Control Voltage 110 V AC

Control Station Local and Remote six pushbutton

pendant control; deadman type

element control

Reeving Four part single reeved

#### CHEMICAL CLEANING BUILDING VENTILATION SYSTEM NAMEPLATE DATA

MSA Filter Unit

Identification No. ALC-E-H1

60KW Chromalox Heater Unit

480 volts AC, 3 Phase, 60 Hz

Cat. Number SCCP-080-3480

Type J 0-800°F Temperature Controller

Type J 0-800°F High Limit with Manual Reset

Internal Industrial Fan

Identification No. ALC-E-1

8000 cfm Fan Unit

30 HP

460 volts AC, 3 Phase, 60 Hz

ID Number P28G353G-G7-XD

Eberline Ping - 2A Off Line Effluent Monitor

3 Channel Readout - gaseous, particulate, iodine

110 voits AC, 1 Phase, 60 Hz.

Self contained sample/return pump (4 cfm)

AUXILIARY BUILDING ENCHGENCY LIGUID CLEANUR SYSTEM (PRICOR II) VALVE LIST

COMMENTS																
PRESCUEL/ TEMPERATURE IDAIA / "EL	150/120	156/120	155/126	1507126	154/120	150/120	150/120	1507120	150/120	150/126	150/120	150/120	150/120	150/120	150/126	
MANUFACTURER, MODIL	1ADD188 CAT # 7661- 2407-078	LADDISH CAT # 7661- 2407-07A	HANCOCK CAT # 5555W-1	MANCOCK CAT 8 SSOR-1	RANCOCK CAT # 5500M-1	ALOYCO PIG : 110	ALOYCO FIG # 110	ALOYCO FIG # 116	HANCOCK CAT # 5506H-1	RANCOCK CAT. 8 5500M-1	BASCOCK CAT. 0 5500H-1	SANCOCK CAT # 5500H-1	CAT. # 7661- 2407-07A	CAT # 7461- 2407-07A	NOT SELECT	
PO NO.	68817	68817											6.8817	68817	19069	
SESCETPTION	Plocess Suction	Process Suction Line Vent	Process Suction Ling Prime and Fill Valve	Chemical Addition Line for CC-T+1	Discharge Line From CC-T-1	Clean Water Dis- charge Line to Faits 1 & 7	Truck Fill Congection	Truck Fill Connection	Service Air to ALC-P-2	Service Air to	Oiled Air to ALC-P-1	Service Air to ALC-P-1	Demin, Water to ALC-P-4	Demin Water to ALC-P-4	Demin. Water to ALC-P-3	
IAKE	CLOBE-600*-405	S088-803-88070	209-M2-8009-38079	SCOP-2N-403	GEORG-6004-403	GATE-600 #-5F-405	CATE-600#-555	GATE-6001-SK-403	07-45-4009-36079	01-M5-4009-3807D	G2085-8008-88025	GL03L-6001-SW-40	01088-6008-8N-408	GLOBE-6000-5W-40S	SG*-MS-#009-18070	
SIZE	77.	374	3/4		~	~	*	**		3/4	1/4	3/4	17.4	3,74	3/4	
VALVE NO	AZ,C-V0001	ALK-V0152	ALC-VORUT	ALC-Vese4	ALC-VOOUS	ALC-V0208	ALC-VOORT	ALC-V3008	ALC-V0009	ALC-VESIS	ALC-V5511	ALC-VOOLZ	ALC-V0013	ALC-VSS14	ALC-VOOLS.	
51	*	**	A.	æ	~	4	•	*	15	R	*	*	of.	4	*	

TANLE 14

AUXILIARY BUILDING EMEMOENCY LIQUID CLEANUP EYSTEM (EFICOR II) VALVE LIST

	COMMY NTS																
DESIGN PRESSURE/	12. / 15.40	150/120	196/126	150/120	150/120	150/170	150/120	150/120	150/120	150/126	150/126	156/126	150/120	150/120	1507120	150/120	150/120
10 (10 (10 (10 (10 (10 (10 (10 (10 (10 (	TI GOM	CREST TYPES 103	CAERT TYPE 103	CSERT TYPE 103	C0ERT	CBERT TYPE: 103	SANCOCK CAT. # SSNOW-1	RANCOCK CAT # \$500H-1	MANCOCK CAT # 5505#-1	SAMCOCK CAT. # 5500%-1	SANCOCK CAT # 5500N-1	SANCOCK CAT # 5500M-1	SAMCOCK CAT # 5500W-1	HAMCOCK CAT. # 5500W-1	CAT. # 7861- 2407-07A	LADISH CAT # 7661- 2407-01A	LADISH CAT   7661- 2407-07A
VALVE LIST	Po 80	10069	1 6 0 6 9	10059	10069	69201									F 1 6 8 8 3 7	61889	6#817
	DESCRIPTION	Demin: Water to	Demin. Water to ALC-P-2	Denie, Rater to ALC-P-2	Demis. Water to ALC-P-1	Process Line Flosh Connection	Service Air to	Culed Air to	Service Air to	Service Air to	Olled Air to ALC-P-3	Service Air to	Service Air to	Olled Air to	Sampled Line Prom	Sampled Line From	Loop Seal Fill Connection On CC-T-1
	34 (A) (A) (B)	GC0085-600#-586-405	G1095-6004-5K-402	S01-MS-1009-28070	GEORG60084008	GLOSE-6004-24-405	GF-0000907075	GIOSE60005840	03-85-6008-86070	07-28-2003-28070	07-85-6009-38070	C1C8E-6009-8M-40	GLOSE-609+-SK-40	GL082-8008-5W-40	GEOSE-6004-SW-403	GLOSE-6009-526-605	ST-031-600-1807D
4		37.4	374	37.4	1/4	37.6	37.4	3/4	374	3//4	31.4	10 71 71	37.5	37.4	¥7.6	:	37.4
	VALVE NO	ALC-95518	AEC-90027	ALC-YSSIR	ALC-VSC19	ALC-VOOZO	ALC-VORZI	ALC-V0022	ALC-VGG23	ALC-V0524	ALC: V9925	ALC-V0026	A1C-V0027	ALC: V00Z8	ALC-75929	ALC-90030	ALC-V0033

AUSTLIARY BUILDING EMEMCENCY LIQUID CLEANUR
SKSTEN EFFICER ID
VACUE LIST

												9		
SCHWENTS												Motor Operated, 120 Volts		
PRISTORY PRISTORY PENDENATURE LEWIS - FE	156/120	156/120	130/120	150/120	156/125	1307170	156/120	130/125	150/170	1507120	150/120	150/120	150/120	150/120
MANUPACTURES/ MODEL	CHERT TYPER SO	TABLE 103	2.4015H CAT #7461- 2407-07A	COERT TYPE 103	HENCO CAT * 6415R	OF BRICKS	SIFIN CAT *-436	HAMCOCK CAT # 55008-1	HANCOCK CAT #5550H+1	BANCOCK CAT. # 1500M-1	LADISH CAT. 4 7661- 2467-07A	CONFINCT CAT. # 5215550	HANCOCK CAT. P. 5500W-1	ALOYCO
08 0d	£ 9001	10069	21889	10069	£ \$001	69203		69901			66817	0000		
24 25 24 34 34 34 34 34 34 34 34 34 34 34 34 34	Discharge of CC-P-2A	Discharge of ALC-F-5 to CC-T-1	France Ind. Boot VA. Co. Discha. of AlCor-	Sective line from	Saction Line From	Inlet to CC-1-2	Sersing line On Control Va. ALC-V-189	FORT VA. FORT	Root Va. Cn. ALC-P-5 Discharge Flow Transmiss	Root Va. On ALC-P-5 Dischg. Flow Transmit.	Leop Seal Fill Connection On CC-1-3	Process Suction Line From WDL-T -2 to ALC-F-1	Blowdn Line From Strainer ALC-U-1	Process System Demin, Water Flows Gupply
50 60 17	PALCEK-6001-5W-405	S09-8S-80088010	G1.0%E-6004-204-405	OLC RE-400 203	GECOR-150**PLGD**05	**************************************	D	GLOBE-6001-5W-608	SCC35-8008-8029	GLOBE-6001-5W-405	\$07-KS-809-16075	SALL-SH-40S	07-88-38070	SAGCSX-150*-SW-40S
Harry Harry	*	**		P.	*		7.75	:	1/2	2//5	37.4	**	3/4	~
VALVE NO	ALC-V0012	ALC-VGS33	ALC+V0234	ALACHVOG 15	ALC - VOS 18.	ALC-VD037	8100x-274	ALC-VOR19	ALC-VOO40	ALC-V0041	ALC-V0642	ALC-V0043	ALC-V0544	ALC-V0045

TABL : 4
AUNILIANY BUILDING EMEMBENCY LIQUID CLEANUP
SYSTEM (STICON II)
VALVE LIST

	Ive															
5 0 5 0 100 20 20 3 0	Internals of Walve- are Removed															
TEMPERATURE TEMPERATURE TEMPERATURE	150/120		150/129	0 R T 0 e	150/120		159/120	150/120	150/120	150/120	150/120	150/120	150/120	150/120	150/120	
MODEL	UNERT TYPE 650		CHEKT TYPE #103	HANGOCK CAT. #5500M-1	HANCOCK CAT #5500W-1		PANCOCK CAT: #5500R-1	TYPE: 103	ALCYCO FIG. # 110	RANCOCK CAT * S505M-1	BANCECK CAT # 5500H-1	HANCOCK CAT, # \$500W-1	MENHY VOCT	TWPE #50	KUPRO CAT. # B-1604-1	
PO 805	49001		10069					69061						69001	61889	
NOTAL REGISTRA	Process System From CC-T-1	Delated	Cesses Water To ALC-P-1	Root Va On CC-T-2 Inlet Plow Transmit	Root Va. On CC-T-2 Inlet Flow Transmit	Deleted	Root Va. Cn. CC-T-1 Level Indicator Line	Frem ALC-P-5 to CC-T-2	Clean Mater Discharge to Units 1 4 2	Inlet Line From CC-T-1 to ALC-F-2	Future Neson Hold- Up Contact On CC-Task	Inlete Line From CC-T-1 to ALC-F-1	Service Air Edr. / Unit 12 Indiation Va.	Process Sys. Suction Line	Service Air Supply to Asc.P-1	
TVE	BALCHX-SW-405		\$200 \$4 - 35 - 35 OT B	GLOBE-6001-108-405	GLUBE-6304-584-405		STORY-SK-40E	GL08E+SW=40S	CCCP 6000 - 55000	然のサー体的・4ののサーロ県の口の	GCGBE-6004-SW-46S	GLOBE-600#-SH-405	CLOBE-6000-5W-40	BALCHX-600#-5#-40S	POPCHK-SCRD-408	
3 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11	Pe		37.4	27.5	1/2		37.6	*	7	74	2	74	**	*		
VALVE NO	ALC-V5046	ALC-V0047	ALC-VOCER	ALC-V0049	ALC-V0050	ALC-VOOS1	ALC-V0852	ALC-10053	ALC-V0054	ALC-V0055	ALC:-0:05.54	ALC-V0557	ALC-VD058	ALC-0002#	ALC-V0060	

TABLE 14

AUXILIARY BUILDING EMERGENCY LIQUID CLEANUP SYBIRM (EFICOR II) VALVE LIST

CCMMENTS																		
PRESSURE/ TEMPERATURE INSTEAMORE	15.97128	150/120	150/120	150/120	150/176	150/120	150/120	150/120	150/120	159/120	156/120	150/120	150/120	150/120	156/120	150/120	150/120	
MANUFACTURER/ MODEL	NUPRO CAT. 8 B-16C4-1	NUPRG CAT. 8 N-16C4-1	MUPRO CAT * 8-16C4-1	SUPPO CAT # B-16C4-1	NUPRO CAT # B-15604-1	MUPHO CAT * H-16C4-1	SUPPO CA1 * 8-16C4-1	MUFRO CAT * B-16C4-1	SUPSO CAT * B-16C4-1	MIPRO CAT # B-1604-1	NUPRO CAT * B-16C4-1	CAT. # B-ISC4-I	NUSKO CAT • B-1604-1	NPPRC CAT # B-15C4-1	NUPRO CAT # B-16C6-1	NUPRO CAT * B-16C4-1	NUPRO CAT # B-16C4-1	
N DA	64833	6.8819	6.8819	68839	48619	68819	\$ 3 5 y	*****	69819	68819	66819	68819	68819	9 C 8 S S	e 17 20 31 32 32 32 32 32 32 32 32 32 32 32 32 32	5-11-88-90 9-11-88-90 9-11-88-90	*8819	
DESCRIPTION	Sesio, Water to	Oiled Air to Aic-P-1	Service Ats to	Cenis Water to	Demin Water to ALC-P-2	Service Air to	Gilled Air to	Demin. Water To	Service Air "o ALC-P-2	Demin. Mater To ALC-P-3	Service Alz To	Olled Alt To ALC-P-3	Demin. Water To	Service Air To	Denis, Water 70.	Service Air To	Ciled Air To	
H-XX	POPCHE-SCHD-408	POPCHK-3CRD-48	POPCHR-SCRD-40	POPCHK-HCRD-40	PGPCRK-SCRD-40	POPCHK-SCRD-403	POPCHK-SCRD-40	PCPCHK-ICRD+463	POPCHK-SCH1-453	POPCHK-SCRD-40S	POPCHK-SCRD-40	POPCHE-SCRO-403	PCP_SCRD-40S	POPCHK-SCRD-403	POPCHK-SQKD-40S	POPCHK-SCRD-403	PCPCHK-SCRD-408	
51 TH 151			44								**	24			**			
VALVE NO.	ALC-V0061	ALC-VEGE?	ALC-VOOE3	ALC: VODE 4	ALC-V0065	ALC: V0066	ALC-YESH?	ALC-VOOSE	ALC-V0069	ALC-V6676	ALC-V0071	ALC-VBGT2	ALC-V0073	ALC-V0074	ALC-V0075	ALC-Ved76	ALC-V0077	

ADMILIARY NULLBING EMERGENCY LIGUID CLEANING SYSTEM, (BICCHE 11)
VACNE LIST

21 N 3 N N O 3									Motor operated 126 Volts	Motor Operated 120 Volts	Matar Cperated		
Hantestania Carried and Carried	150/120	150/120	158/129	1867120	159/120	150/120	150/120		150/120	C) (1) (2) (3) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4	150/120	150/120	
MASSUFACTURER / MODEL	NUCKO CAT # B-16C4-1	CAT # 9-16C4-1	MANCCK CAT # \$500M-1	BESSEY VOOT DMG # E-44264-R7	SANCOCK CAT: # 5500M-1	APCLEO CA7 # 316	APOLIO CAZ * 116		CAT #521.5550	GUANTHOL CAT - 5215550	00584300 CAT - 5218800	HANCOCK CAT # 5500M-1	
(NC 383)	2 E E E	* 1 * 2 * 2 * 2 * 2 * 2 * 2 * 2 * 2 * 2				6 8 8 7 5 8 8 7 5 8 8 9 7 5 8 8 9 7 5 8 8 9 7 5 8 8 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	47 77 W 80		86322	r #100m	561.00		
E C	Demin Water To	Service Air 10 AUC-9-4	Root Va. for Pres. Ind. on Demin. water Header	Poot Va. for Syek. Sed. on Service Air Header	Future kenon Holdup Cornect On CC-7-3	Seat VA Car Conductivity Probe On CC-T-2 Inlet	Hoor VA. for pH Probe Cn. CC-C-2 Inlet	Detera	Discharge from Tank CC-T-1	Chan water Dis Charge to Unit #2 Cond. Test The.	Charge to Unit #2 Cond Test Test	Discharge Line Frem Sump Pump CC-F-7A	Deleted
	POPCHA-SCHO-408	POPCHX-SORD-*05	01:08E-600*-SE-510	07:08E-4009-18E-50	A	E342 - S - 2283	MALL-SW-40E		BAIL-5W-402	BAL SW - 45 C	明	10日本・東京・東京の中・日本の12日	
1111			37.4	*	4	1 1/4	1 1/4		*	1 1/2	1 1/2	~	
100 mm	at.C-V2078	ALC-V5579	ALC-V0080	ALC-V9361	ALC:-Y0082	ALC-V0383	ALC-V0084	ALC-V0185	ALC: V0086	ALC-VDS87	ALC-VODER	A.C.V.3549	ALC-VOD'99

TABLE 14

ADMILIARY BUILDING ENFRONCE LIGHTS CLEANUP EVENTA (FRICE LI) VALVE LISS

DESIGN

STRUMPOS															
PRESSORE/ TEMPERATURE IDELS / PI	1507140	150/120	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	p 21 , 5 951	1507126		159/120	150/120	150/126	150/125	150/126	150/120	150/126	150/170	
MANUFACTURER	APDILO CAT. # 314	APOLLO CAT # 326	APOLLO CAT # 316	F C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C	PANCOCK CAT * SSSDW-1		HANGGCK CAT.# 5500H-1	VELAS CAT.# 1748	RANCOCK CAT # 5500H-1	RENHY VOOT DWG # E-44244-B11	nor elent	NUTRO CAT # B-16C4-1	25 - 34550 14350	NUPRO CAT # B-1664-1	
100 M	68875	6 # # 4 S	68873	64001							10069	68819	10069	5 11 00 00 00 00	
NOTICETERS	Poor Majve tor Cond Probe at Inlate to Fump	Rost Valve for Cond Probe at Islet to Pusp ALC-P-3	Roor Valve for Conta Probe at Inlet to Fump Ald-P-3	Root Valve for Pres ind on Sump Purp CC-P-2A Discharge	Precess Systems 9 to the State of State State of	Dele ad	Giled Air to	Demin. Water to ALC-P-6	Service Air to ALC-P-6	Service Air to ALC-P-6	Demin. Water to ALC-P-6	Ciled Air to	Filter Alc-F-: Precort Supply Line	Service Air *0	
3712	BALL - 58-40-8	WA112-40% - 40%	PA11: 100 + 100	GEO-8008-400	90+-85-+009-38020		GLOSE-600*-540	CLOSE-6021-5M-403	GLOBE-600#-5W-40	GLO3E-6008-5W-40	GLOBS-6884-58-488	POPCHK-SCKD-4D	BACCRE-600#-594-408	POPCHK-SCHO-40	
5128	1 2/4	5	*	37.4	**		3/4	11.6	37.4	3/4	3/4		**	**	
VALVE NO	ADC-VB091	Alic-Votte2	ALC-198093	ALC-VGS94	ALC-90095	ALC-VOOR6	ALC-V0097	ALC-V0098	ALC-V0099	ALC-V5100	ALC-V0101	ALC-V0102	ALC-V0103	ALC-V0164	

-19-

TABLE 14

AUXILIAKY SUIGDING IMEMBENGY LIGUID CLEANUP SERTEM IEPICOM III. VALVE LIBT

COMMINTS														Located in Uni		
PRINCEATURE TEMPERATURE IDSIG / "E) C		150/120	150/126	150/120	155/170	150/120		150/120	150/120	150/120	150/120	150/120	150/126		150/120	150/120
MARTERIAL		SANCOCK CAT # 5555W-1	NAMESCE CAT # SSGGW-1	SANCOCA CAT + 5500K-1	PISHER INPE 310-32	NEWCO CAT, 1 64758		HANCOCK CAT # 5500M-1	NUT-P B-16C4-1	CREET TYPE* 50			RANCOCK CAT. # \$500K-1		HANGOCK CAT. * 5500M-1	HANCOCK CAT.# 5550K-1
Pic NG					53569	69003			66919	69001						
DESCRIPTION	Deleted	Discharge from One Micror Filter	Vent on One Misson Filter	Drake on one Micton Filter	Service Air Supply Reader	Suction line From	Deleted	Inlet to One Micron Filter	Chrescal Addition Line to CC-7+1	Discharge From ALC-P-5	Drain Line on Process Suction	State line on Fiscess fuction Line	Pressure Test Cuamection Near Suction of ALC-F-1		Filter ALC-P-1 Precoat Supply Line	Pressure Sest Consection On Design Mater Header
3742		G103E-6508-508	GLOBK-6001-3W-405	GLOBE-600#-24-403	CONTROL-TLGD-43	GLOBE-11.GD-405		GIOSE-6008-405	POPCHE-SW-405	BALCHK-6008-58-403	GLOBE-5W-403	G1,03E-294-465	NO+-NO-+009+2MD/ID	No Longer in Use (Unaccessible)	GC03E-6008-5050	GLOSE-6004-284-405
SITE Lin 1		*	3/4	*.*	*			**	et.	H	2	ž	37.6			1//6
VALVE 80	ALC-V0105	ALC-VE196	ALC-V0107	ALC-VELCE	ALC:-VC109	ALC-V0110	ALC-V0111	ALC-V5112	ALC-VOITS	ALC-V0114	ALC-V0115	ALC- '231.4	ALC-70117	ALC-7011#	ALC-V012*	ALC-V0125

TABLE 14
AUXILIANY BUILLING EMERCENCY LIGURO CLEANUD
SYSTEM (ENICON 11)
VALVE LIGH

DESIGN

											Freigized to Gren			
COMMUNIC											2 Way Normally Cle Energized to Gpen			
PRESSUE: TEMPERATURE IDMIG / TE	1507129	159/120	150/120	159/126	150/120	150/120	156/120	150/120	150/120	150/120	150/120	150/120	150/120	150/120
MANGFACTORIES	BASCOCK CAT. * SSOCKEL	RANCOCK CAT. 4 S100M-1	24015H CAT * 7661- 2467-97A	CAT # 7641- 2467-97A	CHERT TYPE 103	CHERT TYPE 103	\$07 e24AL	CBERT 103	RANCOCK CAT. # \$500K+1	NUPRO CAT # B16C4-1	ABEO CAT. # RZISD%		CBERT TYPE# 50	EAMCOCK CAT.   \$500M-1
100 St.			68883	68817	10069	19089	19969	10069		68815	10 11 11 11 12 13		10069	
DESCRIPTION	Fressure Test Connection Ob Service All Headel	Pressure Text Connection On Sump Pump Discharge	Por ALC-P-5	Priming Vent For ALC-F-5	Erain, on One Micros Pilens	Drain on Suckion tine Prom GC-7-2 to ALC-P-5	Drain on Suction Line Frem CO.T.2	ALC-DPS-1 LP Leg Root Valve	Demin. Water to ALC-P-5 Seals	Denia, Water to ALC-P-5 Seals	Demin. Water to Ald-P-S Seals	Demin Water to Flush Line to CC-7-2	Discharge Line From CC-P-2A	Service Air Header
EXPE	02.09E1-600-405	307-85-1001-E03	S0*-MS-4009-38075	CIOSI-4004-58-408	BALCHE-6004-58-405	BALCHK-6004-28-40S	GL68E-4001-58-403	GLGBE-6001-5W-405	GLOBR-600#+5E-408	POSCHRENCENTABS	SOLND-BCRD-465	GLOBE-SW-10S	BALCHK-600#-5K-40S	GLOBE-600-5W-40
3116	1	1/4	3.4	***	3/4	37.4	3/4		3/4		3/4	N		
VALVE NO	ALC-V6126	ALC-V0123	ALC-V012#	ALC-V0129	ALC-V0130	ALC-V0131	ALC-V0132	ALC-VEL33	ALC-VOI34	ALC-Vol35	ALC-V0136	ALC-V0137	ALC-V0138	ALC-V0139

AUXILIARE BULLDING ENERGENCY LIGUID CLEANUR
SYSTEM (PRICES II)
VALVE LIST

COMMENTS				Set Pressure at 150 puly										
PRESSURE/ TIMBERATURE IDEAS / "FI	155/120	150/120	150/120	150/120	156/120	156/126	150/120	1567170	150/120	150/120	921/951	150/120	150/128	1507120
MANGFACTURER	RAMCGCK CAT # 5505W-1	HASCOCK CAT. # \$500M-1	VELAR SENIAL * S-59-1	J F. LONINGAN COMP. MODEL LOT 13	RANCOCK CAT # \$550W-1	BANCOCK CAT # 5520W-1	CAT # SE-4528	WEITEY CAT # SS-4038	PRITTSY CAT * BS-45SS	CAT P CAT P Trettoerts	MARK # KAR # SYN # 110 HT15	SCAT * N2811GBT15	SOUT CAT WESTIGHTS	MRITEY CAT # 15-65F16
PO NO							6.04.09	85 <b>9</b> 08	*6*0*					80*08
NOTACKTON	error Aradine	Future Maste	Denke Mater Supply Reader	Sania, Mater Sapply Reader	Supply Meader CO-T-2	Stare Plant Air/ Ericon II Air Eup calc-P-788 Ischelor Va	Sample fine From Acc-2-2	Sample Line From ALC-2-3	Sample Line Prom ALC-P-4	Grab Sample From ALC-F-2	Grab Sample From ALC-P-3	Grab Sample From ALC-Pa-4	Grab Sample Prom ALC-P-5	Sample Recirc.
1777	S208600838-605	QC@NE-8008-284-408	117087-58-403	MELIEP-SCRD-403	GEGRA-6004-403	207-807-8020-8-02002D	BALL-CON FTG	BALL-COM PTG	BALL-CON FIG	GLOBE-COM PTG	diost-com Pid	Chowe-com Ptc	GLONE-CON 770	BALL CON PUR
311E		N	N	1 1/2	**	~	1/2	1/2	17.2	1/1	1/2		1/1	
VALVE SG.	ALC-V6140	ALC+V0141	ALC-V0142	ALC-V0143	ALC-V5144	ALC-V0145	ALC-V0146	ALC-V0147	ALC-V0148	A_C-V2.49	ALC-V0150	ALC-V5151	ALC-06152	ALC-V0153

TABLE 14

#### AUXIDIRA) BUTLOING EMERGENCY LIQUID CLEANUP SYNTH (EPICON II) VALVE LIST

					ALVE GISS			
var ve	SC 116		PE	orsepietion	2017 (000)	MARUFACTORER/ MODEL	TEMPERATURE TEMPERATURE 18914 / 'El	CCMMUNTS
ALC-VE	194 172	B.A.	A-COM FIG	Grab Sample From ALC-Y-3	00459	MRITES (AT # 33-4556	150/120	
ALC-VD	195 1/2	SA	L-COM PTG	Grat Sample From ALC-F-4	50499	WHITEY CAT I SH-45RB	150/126	
ALC-VS	156 172	bA	LL-COM PTG	Grab Sample From		WEITE* CAT 4 SG-45SF	155/120	
ALC-VO	157 - 1/2	RAI	L-COM PTG	Grab Sample From	40498	WHITE'S CAT. # ES-4158	156/170	
ALC-V2	159 - 1/6	GS,	201-4214 FG-426	temis, Water to Somple Sink Spray Header	64673	LADISH CAT : Text- 2407-67A	156/138	
ALC-VO	159 3/4	G1.	78E-6894-5W-695	Cemin Wester to Sample Bottle Wash Hose	48#17	LADISH CAT • 7661- J407-07A	150/120	
ALC-VO	160 1/2	2:1	rchx-com FTG	Recirc, Line From ALC-P-2	e2898	WHITSTY CAT # SS-SESE	150/120	
ALC-VE	1/2	4- 4	CEN-CCR FTG	Recirc Lise From ALC-P+}	23692	WRITSE: CAT • SS-1+SP	150/120	
ALC-VC	167 1/2	t.:	FORE-COM FTG	Partie Line From ALC-P-4	80498	WRITNEY CAT. ● SS-58SE	156/120	
ALC-VO	163 1/2	sc	LRD SCHD	Recirc Lice Prop ALC-P-4	H054R	ASCO CAT. • B210094	150/120	2 Way Noteally Closed Energized to Open
ALC-VO	164 1/2	sc	LND SCRD	Sample Line From	80549	ASCO CAT # B710C94	150/120	2 way Normally Closed Energized to Open
ALC-VO	165 1/2	set	NO SCRO	Pecire Line From ALC-P-J	80546	ASCO CAT   H216C94	150/120	2 way Normally Cleand Energized to Open
ALC-V0	166 1/2	set	NO SCRO	Sample Line From ALC-P-3	80548	ASCO CAT • #210094	150/110	2 Way Normally Closed Energized to Open
ALC-V3	167 1/2	501	IND SCHO	Recirc Line From ALC-P-2	40248	ASCC CAT . 1 6215074	190/120	2 May Normally Closed Inergrand to Open
ALC-VS	166 , 1/2	sol	CHO SCED	Sample Line Prom ALC-F-2	H054H	ASCO CAT # B210094	150/120	2 May Normally Closes Energized to Open
ALC-VS	149 2	GL	Z03-4200-3W-405	Clean Wager Dis- charge to Duit #)		POWEL FIG # 2474	350/129	

AUKILIARY BULLING EMERGENY LIGOID CLEANUN SYSTEM (EPECON IL) VALUE LIST

NOT 530

											Supplied by CAP-GUM	Rupplied by CAP-GUN
CONKESTS											Supplied	Rupplied !
PERSONE?	1507120	150/120	150/120	155/120	155/126	156/128	155/126	150/120	150/120	159/120		
MANUFACTURES/	NEWCO CAT. + 287837	LADISH CAT # 1641- 2407-07A			LADISH CAT # 7661- 1401-07A	CAT # 7*61-	NEWN VOOT	NUTRO CAT : SS-RC-1/3	SUPPO CAT # SS-EC-1/3	SUPNO CAT : SS-EC-1/3	TANDOUR TOOK AND THE MOON TO THE MOON T	1 ANG 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
Po No		* 88.11			11000	111111111111111111111111111111111111111		62033	82013	\$2033		
DESCRIPTION	Clean Mater Dist- charge to Unit #2	Clear Water Disk charge to Unit #2 Draid Line	Clean Water Diss. charge to Delt #2. Vent Line	Clean Woter Disa- charge to Unit #2. Drein Line	Cask Overflow Loop Seal Leveling Line	Cask Overflow Loop Seed Fill	Gilled Ast Line For ALC-Pol	Sample Line From	Sample Line From	Sample Line Prom	Process Inlet to Pump Acc-P-1	Sarvice Ais So Pump Aic-P-1
Ter.	01081-4008-1280-000	22,08E-4004-580,02	GLOSE-34-453	C2.0381-234-433	56	GLOBE-600#-56-405	07-85-1009-20070	POPERC - COM PTG	PUPCHK-COM 17G	Polycon Roberts	NALL BCWD	BALL SCRO
ir s		3/4	37.6	374	3/4		3/4	172	172	1/2	~	3/4
Sign and Sig	ALC-V0179	ALC-V0171	ALC-V0172	ALC-VOITE	ALC-V0174	ALC-V0175	ALC-70176	ALC-80177	ALC-0017#	ALC-20179	ALC-Voles	A1.C-V0381

AUXILIANE BUILDING RECENSE IL SYSTEM CAPITOR IL VALVE LIST

TURE COMMITTEE	Supplied by CAP-COM	Supplied by Caretina	Supplied by CAP-GUS	Supplied by CAN-GUN	supplied by call-dux	SEPPLIES BY MAY OF PERSON MEN OF FEBRUARY MEN WALLES	Supplied by CAP-603	Supplied by CAP-GUN this Barple Point Not Used	Supplied by CAP-GUN	Supplied by CAR-GEN
NANGUACTURES TEMPERATURE TEMPERATURE TEMPERATURE TEMPERATURE	CANGEBORY PIPE LOSD FIG. NG Littery	74MSBCBY 779F 1060 714-1100074	JAMES BURK 1788 1000 1100 NG 11-110017	ASCO CAT NO. R2180%S	TAMESSINAY TYPE LAGO FIR. NO	KARPIN ROSP CO PART # SEVICES TAND	7848 1000 F14 80 F14 80 F1	1718 1000 1718 1000 171 1000 171 1000	JAMESBERY 717E 1000 FIG. NO 11-110517	JAMESBURY TYPE 1000 FNC. NO
20,20										
VIECETUTELY	10年 11年 11日 11日 11日 11日 11日 11日 11日 11日 11	Service All To	Denin Water To Pump ALC-F-1	Called Air To Furth Aif-Post	Coled Akt to Post Akt-P-1	Olled Air to Pump ALC-P-1	Service Air to Fump Air-f-r	Sample Point Va Un Outlet Of Pump ALC-F-1	Decin. Kater to Furp ALC-F-1	Process Cutle: Fump ALC-P-1
지원 3 m	BALL BOND	日本リケーでである。	BAL1. 2090	SCEND BORD	6 A	Ascur schi	BALS SCHU	BALL SON O	BALL SCRO	BACK SCREEN
5136	ž	ž	•	i	Š	3/4	*	*		**
1877.0	ALC-93182	ALC: V0.19.3	ALC-V0184	ALC-VALES	ALC-V0186	ALC-VELST	A1C~V0188	A1C-V2189	3/4	ALC-40191

# AVRILIARE BULLOTHG EMERGENCY LIGHTO CLEANUP SYSTEM (EPICOR LL) VALVE LIST

	COMMENTS	Supplied by CAR-GUR	Supplies by CAP-GUN	Supplied by CAP-GUN	Supplied by CAP-GUN	Supplied by CAP-GUN	Supplied by CAN-GON	Supplied by CAP-GUN	Supplied by CAP-GUN	Supplied by Mir of Purp ALC-P-2 (Marren, Rupp)	suppled by car-cun
DECICE	PRESCURE! TEMPERATURE LESTO ( P)										
	MANUFACTURER	JAMESBURY INVE 1000 FIG 1100TT	TAYER FOOD TAYER FOOD NOT THE TOTAL TOTAL THE	ANNESEN TYPE 1000 FIG NG	TXPE 1000 PTG NO	AMESBURY FEB 1000 FIG NO.	Page 100 Constant of the const	TANGSBURY TVDE : BOD FIC NG	ASCG CAT NO S210D95	CONTROL TERM	TYPE 1000
VALVE LIST	N 04										
	22.8C#3.PT1CW	Barvice Air to Fump Arg7-1	Death Water to Pump And-Pol	From And-F-2	Demin Water To Fump ALC-F-3	Service Air To Purp Aid-P-2	Service Att To	Service Air To Pump Air -P-2	011ed Asr To Pump ALC-P-2	Called Ang 30 Fump Auc-P-2	Process Supply From Pump ALC-F-2
	1-12 A. C.	NAIL SCHO	BA11. SCR.	BALL SCHO	NALL SCRE	BAIL SCRE	PALL SCRO	() A () () () () () () () () () () () () ()	Sother SCAR	ANGLE SCHO	HALL SUND
	32 G 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	37.4		7	17.4	37.6	1/4	*	37.4	3/4	2
	VALVE NO.	ACC-V0192	ALC-V01\$1	ALC-V0194	ALC - V6195	ALC: 400 to 6	N. C V. C.	Section of the sectio	ALC-V0199	A1,C-V3200	ALC-VGZ01

IARLELIA AUXILIANY BUTLESSG INENGENCY LTGUTE CLEANUP VALVE LIST VALVE LIST

	y CAB-du		y CAP-GEN	y CAN-GU	oy CAP-GUN	oy Car-Guy	oy CAP-CUN	by CAP-GUS	y Car-sus	oy CAP-GUN	oy CAP-GUS
CLAMENTS	Supplied by CAP-GUN		Supplied by CAP-GUS	Supplied by CAN-658	Supplied by CAP-CUB	Supplied by CAS-GUN	Suppliced by CAP-GUN	Supplied by CAP-GUN	Supplied by CAD-DUN	Supplied by CAP-dus	Supplied by CAP-GUM
PRESCHEL SENTENTIAL											
MANUFACTURER	Ho 14 80 10 90 10 90 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1		を自然の をかりのを ののでは の。 のでは の。 のでは ので のでは の。 のでは ので のでは の。 ので のでは のでは の。 ので のでは	7.77 1.000 x 2.000 x 3.000 x 3	7.250 MOD 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	7878 5008 TVVP TVVP TV00 5 F10	TAMESHUNY TYRE 1000 FIG NO FIG NO	1242 1000 P16 11-11-0044	CANE BELLY TYPE LEGS TIG MO.	2AMESURY TYPE 1000 FIG NO 11-1100TT	TANESBURY TYPE 1000 FIG. NO.
2											
なっていたのではなっている。	Destr. Water To Pump Alchart	Celetes	Service Ass. To Final Ass To	Femile Marer 70 Fump ALC-P-2	Mercice Air 10 Purp Aid 7-2	Pracess Supply To ALC-F-1	Process Supply to Aldefer	or oreas Supply	ភិក្សាជា មួយ មួយ ១៣៣ ខេត្ត ១៣៣ ខេត្ត ១៣៣ ១៣ ១៣ ១៣ ១៣ ១៣ ១៣ ១៣ ១៣ ១៣ ១៣ ១៣ ១៣	Process Supply to Aldera	Process Supply
1168	SALL HORD		BALL SCREE	BALL BORD	SALL SCREE	BALL SCRD	BALL SCRD	BALL SCHU	BALL SCRD	BALL, SCRE	BALL SCRD
811E	***		:	3/4	•	~	*			N	~
YALVE NO.	71 C-02 - 2-17	ALC-V0203	ALC-70204	ALC-V0205	ALC-V0706	ALC-V0283	ALC-V0258	ALC-VOIGH	ALC-V6210	ALC-V0213	ALC-V0217

TABLE 14

AUXILIARY BUILDING EMENGENCY LIQUID CLEANUP SYSTEM (EPICOR II) VALVE LIST

	ELNIAR DE	Supplied by CAP-GUN	Supplied by CAP-GUN	Supplied by CAP-GUN	Supplied by CAP-GUN	Supplied by cho-don	Eupplied by CAF-GUN	Supplies by Mfr. of Pusp ALC-P-1 (Warren Bupp)	Supplied by CAF-GUN	Supplied by CAP-GUN	Supplied by CAP-GUN	supplied by cAP-dun
DISION	PRESSORE/ TEMPERATURE IDSAT / "FI CO	7 k	2 11	n N	35 Mg	74	a a	2 V	8	- d		7
	MANUPACTURER?	TAMBER 10 00 FEEL 10 0	ZAMUDANEN ZYPE 1000 PIG NO.	TAMESBURY TYPE 1900 FIG NO.	JAMESBURY TYYE 1000 FIG. NO.	TAMES BURY TANK TO BE A TO BE	ASCO. A210D95	WARREN MUPP CC PART # HV3-048-162	JAMESHURY SIPE 1000 Pid No. 31-316017	TAMESHORY TAPE 1000 FIG. NO.	TYPE TODG FID NO.	TYOU NO.
VALVE LIST	No. 160											
	NOTTAINORIG	the think on the total of	Desir Rater to Fump ALC-P-1	Service Air To Fury Air-F-1	Demis, Motor 7. Fump ALC-7-3	State And And State And	Siles Air To Pump ALC+P-1	Oiled Air To Fump AtC-P-1	01194 Alt. 70 81389 Alt. 8-3	Fully ALC-Pall	Setvice Air To Firth Alc-8-3	Pump Approve
		PALL STRD	Carrier Stea	13 4 4 K	20 A	DACE SCRO	SCHAIN SCHOOL	ASSTRESS SCRO	55 de 50 de	BALL SCHO	PALL SCHO	0ALL 3CRD
	64 C	~	37.4	3/4	1/4	77.4	3/4	3/4	**	***	*	•
	SALVE NO	ALC-VG213	A1.C-40021	ALC-05215	ALK-V6216	A. C 77 662 611	ALC-V0218	ALC-92219	ALL: - VO725	ALC-V0221	Acc-96222	AZ.C-V0223

# ACMILIARY BUILDING ENFOCENCY LIQUID CLEANDY STREEM (1815CR 11) VALUE 1815

CEMERTE	Jupplied by CAP-CON	Supplied by CAP-65/R	Supplied by CAP-GUN	Supplied by CAP-6108	Supplied by CAP-60N	Supplied by CAP-CON	Supplied by CAP-CUS	Supplied by CAP-COR	Supplied by CALCON	Supplied by CAP-CUM
TENESTRE TENESTRE TENESTRE TENESTRE										
MANDFACTSREEF	JANCEBIEV TYPE 1800 FIG. NO.	TANESCHEN TANESCHEN FIR NO LANESCHEN	TANESHUNG TANESH	JANESRIEY TYPE JOSE FILE NO.	2AMISSING 1871 1000 FIG NO 11-110011	137E 1000 117E 1000 81G 80	372466187 7378 1955 855 NO. 11-318077	124 MESSON W. 12	ASSOCIATIONS FILEDINS	# 0 tr
ON 02										
STEENSELD .	Shapte Point Ga up Suties of Pung Asc.P.3	Service Air to Pump Air-k-3	From From A.AF-3	Process Inter- To Pung ALC-Red	Purp Alter to	Purp Altera	Penth Mater To Pump ALC-P-4	Service Air Co	Culed Air To Pump Air-P-4	Culted Air To Fump AiC-P-4
277.2	MALL SCRE	MALL SCREE	BALL SCRO	BALL SCRD	BALL SCRE	BALL SCPD	BALL SCHO	BALL SCRD	SOLKO SCRO	BALL SCRD
101 E		*	74	•	*	<u>.</u>	:	:	3/4	:
VALVI NO	ALC-VG224	Ab.C-98225	A16-V0126	ALK-V0227	ALC-98228	ALC-V6229	A5.6~98238	ALC-V0231	AZZ-562.12	ALC-V0233

AUNILIARY MUTIDING EMEMGENCY LIQUID CLEANUR
ZYSTEM (FILCOR 11)
VACUE LIST

Supplied by Mfc. of purp ALC-Fox (Warred Ropp)	Supplied by CAP-GON	damption by caredon	Supplied by CAP-50N	Supplied by CAP-CDM	State Led by CAI-GIN	Supplied by CAR-GUM	Supplied by CAP-COM	2 Way Hormally Closed Energized To Open		
								1554/120		1587.228
WARNE ROPP CO. PART .	7AMEGRACKY TYPE 1000 710 NO	4 AMMINENT PORT 1000 BITE NO. 200 BITE NO. 2	7.88 1000 7.80 1000 7.10 80 11-11001	TAMESTAL STATES	TAMESHUNY TYPE 1000 FIG NO	TATE LOSE FIG. NO.	TAMESHORY TAFE 1000 FIG. NO.	HILLS-MCCANNA FIG SJGK-MC-T-NG		HANNA VOOT
Citied Apr To Pump PLC-P-4	Special Managerian Funds April 19 4	の名字ではなる みんで さな おとの みしだ・ア・4	Desir, Saler To Pump A2C:P-4	Sample Point VA Ca Outlet of Fump Algorith	Service Air to Func Air-Pos	Process outler From Pump Ald-F-4	Olled Air Jo Forp ALC-P-2	Discharge from Tank CC-7-1	DELETED	Discharge Line From Cempression Alc.p.7
C 82 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15	BALL SCRO	BALL SCRD	DALL BOXE	DALL SCR	MALL SCRO	SALL SCREE	MALL SCHO	ATP OFFMATED RACE SCHO-405		CLOBE-SW-40
7	*	**	*	* 1/4	3/4	* / 6	3.4	*		
ALC-902234	ALC:-08235	ALC-92236	As.c-192277	ALC-VS238	ALC-V0233	ALC-70140	ALC:-90241	ALC-95242	ALC-V9243- 749	ALC-V0255
	PARKER SCROTTER TO	714 BALL SCR2 (11ed All 70 BALL SCR2 ) 714 BALL SCR2 (11ed All 70 BALL SCR2 ) 7154 SALL SCR2 (11ed BALL SCR2 ) 7155 SCR2 (11ed BALL SCR2 ) 715 SCR2 (11ed BALL SCR2	2-4 BALL SCRO COLEG ALT TO FOR STATE SCRO ST	27-4   BALL SCHO   Coled Alt Too   Coled Alt Too   PART   PART	And Ball SCHO Cited Atm To Ball SCHO Part And Part An	274   BALL SCHO   Clear Are To   Part   Pa	27.4   BAIL SCRO	1.4   BALL SCR	2/4   DALL SCHO   Clied Arr To   Cartin Water To   Clied Arr To	2.4   PARIS SCRIP   Color Ale Top   PARIS SCRIP     2.4   PARIS SCRIP   Contin   WaterIT     2.4   PARIS SCRIP   PARIS SCRIP     3.4   PARIS SCRIP   PARIS SCRIP     3.4   PARIS SCRIP   PARIS SCRIP     3.5   PARIS SCRIP   P

ADMINITARY BUILDING BENEBURNY LIQUID CLEANING ANTERN IN VALVE LIST

5244MENT3					7 May Normally Closed Energized to Open			Cocared in Unit :	Librared 16 Units 1	Motor Operated	Motor Operated	Motor Operated	Motor Operated			
PRESCRIPT STREET FOR	1867.20	1110/170	ET 17 / 03 / 03 / 03 / 03 / 03 / 03 / 03 / 0	14.57.120	150-5120											
MANUTACTURER	HENNY VOOR	BANDOCK CAT * 5500M-1			HILLS-MCCANNA FIG 5.102-56-T-26											
N 02		44 94 94 94 94 94 94 94 94 94 94 94 94 9														
NESCENTION.	Discharge Same From Compressor Aldere	Air Supply Line From Air-Polts Air-polt Drain	Printing Vent, Line	Presente Tap on Frining Vent Line	Process Supply Eige to Prefilter ALC.f-1	Sump to ALC-F-1. Suprior	Sump to ALC-P-1	EFICOR to spent Foel Pool 'B'	Part Pool '8'	Alc-P-1 Air Supply Throttle	ALC-P-2 Air Supply Throttle	ALC-P-J Air Supply Throttle	ALC-P-4 ALE Supply Throatie	ALC-F-1 Bubbler Alr Isolation	ALC-K-1 Bubbler Air Isolation	ALC-K-2 Bubbler Air lwointion
SAT TAN ET	07-98-340-10	GLONE-59-40	GLOBE-39-405	GLG8L-3CRD-40S	AIR CVERATED BALL SCRD-408	CHECK	GLOBE	CATE	CAIL	CLCAT	CLUBE	Stoke	CLUBE	MEEDLA	NEEDLE	E CO
2,12E	4	*	37.4	272		N	N			*//	3/4	***	374	7	1/1	717
VALUE NO	ALC: 4025.3	ALC-V0252	ALC:V0251	ALC-V0254	ALC:-V02315	ALC-VS256	ALC-19257	ALC-V3258	ALC-Y0259	ALC-V3265	ALC-V2261	ALC: V0762	ALC-00263	ALC-V0264	ALC-V0245	ALCHVOZEE

TABLE 14

AUXIETARY BUILDING PREMORYCY LIQUIG CLEANUP STEER LEPSCHEITS VALNE LEST

2757478

COMMENCES		Self Contained	Seif Contained	Self Contained														
THESTORY THESTORY THESTORY																		
MANUTACTURER																		
M 20																		
SOLECHIPELOS	Sobuler Air isolation	ALC-F-1 Bubbler Regulator	ALC-F-1 Subbler Regulator	ALC-K-2 Bubbler Regalator	Service Air to Bubblers/Afc-9-255	Service Air to Subbiers/ALC-7-255	S mp to ALC-P-1	Sump to ALC-F-1 Suction Drain	Air to ALC-V-242 Isolation	Sump to Ald-P-1 Surtion Piral Saciation	ALC-F-4 Discharge	ALC-Fr Shireld Drain	ALC-K-1 Shield Urain	ALC-F-2 Shimld Srain	Deleted	Deleted	Deleted	ALC-2-6 Discharge
TI.	MIKILE	PAESSTAI REGILATOR	PRESSURE RECULATOR	SPESSORE REGISATION	CHECK	GLOBE	GLCAS	atic bg	апсави	36 88 U U U D	SLOBE	VI. MER.	38513	STORE				G1.09E
STITE LASEL	***	S		27.		* 1	*		37.6			-						•
VACOT NO.	AZ C-V0263	ALC: V5268	AZG-V2269	ALX:-50270	ALC+V3271	A2,C-23,3.72	ALC-10273	ALC-V3274	ALC-V8275	MLG-95274	ALC-V0777	A2.C-V02.1#	91100-11W	A16-99789	ALC-V6281	AC.C-10274.2	ALC-V0283	ALC-VOISE

AUNTLIARD RUIDDING ENTHORNY LIQUID CLEANUS
STGILM (STICKE IL)
VALUE LIST

2018日本

THOSE CAMERES					D-DD WE RED					MMA 1516-67-0016	MMA 3526-67-0016							
日本は、日本は、日本は、日本は、日本は、日本は、日本は、日本は、日本は、日本は、													366/		/659		/009	7029
MANUFACTORER					Automatic							HATTE	Velan	Rockwell	Velan	Parkes 4345	Veisn	Velan
0 N				27-034598		15-034598	2P-034546	T8-03459#	最後の中でなってこ			527-2-42	2820-3	016163	113500	0.551333		
02228	ALC-F-6 Discharge to ALC-F-3	CG-T-2 Process Inter tecloring	SECOND SECOND	Minimum Flow Shutoff	Minimum Flow Solenoid	CC-T-1 Minimum Flow Shuteff	CO-T-2 Minimum Flow Shutoff	ALC-DPS-1 KP Leg Root Valve	ALC-P-5 Vent	Appropriate terminates	ALC-Y-1 Bypses Gutlet lect	ALC-P-9 Suction	ALC-7-9 Pectro.	ALC-P-9 Discharge	ALC-7-9 Discharge	ALC-PI-5/ALC-P-9 Discharge	CC-7-11 frap/ PEST Cross-714	PAST Cross-Tie
im:	SICHE	SECORE	24.1.	al an office	SGLENGIS	GLCRE	ಪ್ರಕೃತ್ತಿ ಪ್ರಕೃತ್ತಿ	CLOSE	18010	PALL	SALL	24		CHICK	BALL	Carant	BALL	11:45
:1	•	**	~	****		1.17	1.174	7.	374	**	r4	37.4	3/4	3/4	3/4	37.8	3/4	***
VALVE NO.	ALC-V0285	ALC-V0286	A2:0-1/12:87	X:0-10290	ALC-V*291	ALC-VERSE	A.C-40243	ALC-V4294	ALC-10295	3 8 2 5 3 - 2 5 K	A.C. V. 22.9 7	ALX-1298	ALC-V299	ALC-VIDE	ALC-V301	A.CV382	C0(7-21x	ACC-7334

TAPLE 14

#### AUXILIARY BUILDING EMERCENCY CIQUID CLEANUP SYSTEM (EFFCCR TI) VALVE LIST

VALVE NO.	SITE (in.)	TYPI	DESCRIPTION	PQ NG.	MANUFACTURER/ MODEL	TENTE / TENTE	COMMENTS
A1C-V 103	3/4	BALL	CC-T-1 to Evap feolation	651453	WATTS TIPE 69501	10001	
ALC-9136	174	PALL	PHST Feed to Evaporator	051453	WATTS TYPE	\$ 0.5n £	
AZ.C-V3\$7	3/4	BALL SWC	Evaporator to EWST labiations FM-P+3 Suction		NATTS TYPE	:000/	
ALC-VID9	1/4	SWE BALL	ALC-T-Pourlet	GIBLEH	JACOBY-TARRON INTERNATIONAL 60152-2-20	235/475	Fig. 8F14-W964
ALC-V309	3/4	SWE BALL	Evaporator to	053533	MATIS	1000 NoG/	
ALC-VIIO	3/4	CHECK	ALC-P-10 Discharge	#16263	RECEWELL FIG. 36174		
ALC-VIII	3/6		ALC-PT-47ALC-F-10 Discharge	055133	I ANKEN 6 I BP		
alc-VIII	3/4	SWE	ALC-P-10 Discharge	43749	HANCOCK 5500W1	166.41	116 5 2
ALC-VI:I	3/4	BALL	ALC-F-3 Discharge Drain		MCF AP46TP	1559/	
ALC-V314	1/2	BALL	ALC-P-9 Discharge Vent		JAMESHURY		
ALC-VIIS	1/2	BALL	ALC-P-10 Discharge Vent	044262	JAMESDVRY		
ALC-VIIA	1/2	DALL	ALC-P-9 Euclies Verit		JANESBURY		
ALC-VJ17	1/2	NPT BALS	ALC-T-J Drain	044)03	ZAMESBURY	460 806/	Type 1/2, 53-1000-M1-1
ALC-V315	2	GATE	ALC-P-11 Saction	052030	POWELL	2621	
ACC-V319	1/8	TUBING	ALC-PI-7/ALC-P-11 Discharge	0137	PARKER 638F		
ALC-7330	2	SWING CHECK	ALC-F-11 Discharge	ceate	CPARE	196/	Tagged 'WDL-V3A6'
ALC-V371	2		ALC-P-Il Discharge	021475	พยพร้าส	830/	

ADMILIARY BUILDING EMERGENCY LIQUID CLEANUP SYSTEM (FILCOM II) VALVE LIST

COMMENTS					Same as Valve ALC-V306	ECA 3230-87-0442 FCR 887-079							ECM-S-356 R 1 Capped Downstream Lines	ECM-3-1st N. 1. Capped	ECA 3230-87-0442
PRESSORE TEMPERATURE IIIAA / P)				1500/122			1307	130/	1.567	130	180/	1897	10000	/500.	
MANUPACTURER /	PARKER 618F	VILLAS		MACH .											
98 96 98 96	055133		225113	042300											
PESCHIPTION	Sample Isolation	Alithes to Co-T-1	ALC-P-5 Mini Recirc. Isolation	ALC-7-1 inlet	ALC-I-3 Cutlet	Storage Jack Inlet	NG Yaush Conn.	SDS Filters Bypass	WG-71-3 Conn : sol.	Fuel Fool Stor	Feed to SDS Filters	Misc. Wat. Sys. Isol.	CN-FE-22 Root VLV Hi isol.	CN-FE-22 Root VLV Lo Isal	MG Spool Piece
3465	*)			**************************************		SALL	ring.	PUNG	2007	rcue	21:00	71196	210010	of, car	22.1.
1222	3/4	~	1-1/2	37.4		*	7	~		~		71	1/1	172	**
VAST NO	ALC022	ALC-1123	ALC-9314	ALC-V125	ALC-V326	MG-V-05	NG-2-24	NG-V-29	MG-V-34	NG-V-47	KG-V-71	*G-V-72	844-7-87	*******	66-A-58

# EPICOR II RADWASTE PROCESSING SYSTEM (HIC POLISHING MODE)

# Overall Objectives:

- a. Polish influent water sufficiently to satisfy Technical Specifications criteria.
- b. Process water at 10 gpm.
- c. Minimize personnel exposure.
- d. Process water at the lowest possible cost.

# Special Objectives:

Container	Vessel Size	Primary Purpose	Typical Composition	Process Vessel Changeout <u>Criteria</u>	Gallons Processed to Reach Changeout Criteria	Projected Shipping Category
#1 First Demin.	4'Dx4'H 6'Dx6'H	Cesium & Strontium Removal	Zeolite (top) Sand (bottom)	348 Ci Cs	dependent on feed	Class C base on integrated dose to HIC lid gasket
#2 Second Demin.	4'Dx4'H 6'Dx6'H	Na Removal Cation Removal Anion Removal	Cation (top) Anion (bottom)	<1 µCi/cc	dependent on feed	LSA
#3 Third Demin.	4'Dx4'H 6'Dx6'H	Polishing Guard Bed	Mixed Resin	< 1 R/hr	dependent on feed	LSA
## Strainer	2'Hx 1%'Wx 1%'L	Catch Resin Fines	Strainer	<1 R/hr	200,000	LSA
#5 Post Filter	2'Hx1%'Wx 1%'L	Colloid Removal	1-10 Micron Cartridge	<1 R/hr	150,000	LSA